

## Island of Endless Play.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

Said Willie to Tom, "Let us lie away  
To the wonderful Island of Endless Play.  
It lies off the border of No School Land,  
And abounds with pleasures, I understand.  
There boys go swimming whenever they please  
In a lovely river right under the trees.  
And marbles are free—no one has to buy—  
And kites of all sizes are ready to fly.  
We sail down the Isthmus of Idle Delight;  
We sail and we sail for a day and a night.  
And then if favored by billows and breeze,  
We land in the harbor of Do-as-You-Please.  
And there lies the Island of Endless Play,  
With no one to say to us must or nay.  
Books are not known in that land so fair;  
Teachers are stoned if they set foot there.  
Hurrah for the island so glad and free—  
That is the country for you and me."  
So away went Willie and Tom together  
On a pleasure boat in the lazy weather.  
And they sailed in the teeth of a friendly breeze  
Right into the harbor of Do-as-You-Please.  
Where boats and tackle and marbles and kites  
Were waiting them there in this Isle of Delights.  
They dwelt on this Island of Endless Play  
For five long years; then, one day,  
A strange, dark ship sailed up to the strand,  
And, "Ho, for the voyage to Stupid Land!"  
The captain cried with a terrible noise,  
As he seized the frightened and struggling boys,  
And threw them into the ship's dark hold,  
And off and away sailed the captain bold.  
They vainly begged him to let them out;  
He answered only with scoff and shout:  
"Boys that don't study or work," said he,  
"Must sail one day down the Ignorant Sea  
To Stupid Land, by the No-Book Strait,  
With Captain Time on the Pitiless Fate."  
Then he let out the sails and away went the three  
Over the waters of Ignorant Sea.  
Out and away to Stupid Land,  
And they live there yet, I understand.  
And there's where every one goes, they say,  
Who seeks the Island of Endless Play.

selves to the changed conditions. They have not only to get used to each other, but they must also get used to numerous persons who now belong to the related families. It will not all be pleasant. There will be need of care, patience and tactful adjustment. The sooner these relations are established the better.

After all, the happiness of husband and wife depends most upon themselves. Outside influences have not infrequently broken up homes, but it is the inside influence that is most to be feared. A little spark often develops into a great fire. A little domestic friction may, if not controlled, ruin a home. Both husband and wife must learn to be considerate; they must be charitable; they must make up their minds—once for all, that whatever may happen, they will not lose their tempers and say ugly things that will never be forgot.

Yes, this is moralizing and advising, we know; but it is our duty to moralize. It is, in part, the editor's mission to point out some of the pitfalls into which many an unhappy couple has fallen; to point the way for a better beginning in life that it may have a more glorious ending.

If the young people who plight their troth at the marriage altar would sincerely and prayerfully drink in the full meaning of the vows they take upon themselves, there would be fewer divorces, fewer ruined homes. Better, though, that they begin right before the altar is reached. They would best display good, hard, practical sense in choosing a mate; then, instead of repeating, parrot-like, the strongly and correctly worded marriage ceremony, let them take it upon themselves in all its fullness with a solemnity and a determination that shall make them faithful companions to the end. Marriage is the most sacred relation in life and no man or woman has any right to assume it unless it is his intention to make it his loftiest and happiest realization.

### Protection From Fools Who Start Fires.

J. D. Hawkins, president of the Detroit & Mackinac railroad, who has done a great deal that will count in the future prosperity of the northern counties of the state, draws attention to the need, shown by the recent disastrous upper peninsula forest fires, of greater regulation by the state of settlers who through carelessness or ignorance are directly responsible for the destruction of property. Since the close of the lumbering days there has been agitation for the elaboration of a system of fire-wardenship, but no adequate measures have been taken, according to Mr. Hawkins. He is quoted as making this statement:

"The state gives us absolutely no protection. The smoke of the fire two weeks ago could be seen 50 miles, but no game warden appeared. We have posted printed notices all through that country, stating the law against making fires, but they seem to have no effect. He claims, by inference at least, that the trouble is not so much the lack of proper laws as the enforcement of them.

"Most forest fires are started by some fool—you may depend on that," he goes on to explain. "Perhaps that will be found to be the cause of the upper peninsula fire. I've lost thousands of acres of timber we were carefully bringing up just because someone wanted to make a fresh burning to attract deer."

He relates instances to show how completely at the mercy of irresponsible and foolish settlers are the forests: "In one corner of our tract there was a fellow named Richmond. Every year for five years he started grass fires and succeeded in burning up about 20,000 acres of our timber. I talked to him, told him what the law was, showed him the foolishness of his attempt to make good pasture, but it was of no use. He built his last fire two years ago—the wind veered—down went his house, barn and all he owned, together with a couple of thousand acres of our timber. He didn't build any more fires."

In this case, however, it was Providence and not the state authorities that punished the wrongdoer. "Michigan can profit immensely by giving decent fire protection. I've appealed to the state government in vain," Mr. Hawkins concludes. Surely this present spring season has given an object lesson of the dangers of forest fire, though it has developed that reports of losses in the towns of the upper peninsula were grossly exaggerated by correspondents. J. D. Hawkins speaks for a large section of the state, if not a thickly populated one, when he demands better fire protection for what remains of the old forests and what has grown up of the new.—Saginaw Courier Herald.

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Let him that is without guile cast the first stone. Only the husband who has no faults is licensed to find fault with his wife.

When a young couple start in life they can not be too considerate, too charitable, too forgiving. And the more considerate they are, the happier their home will be.

If a wife have a dozen faults, the sensible considerate husband will overlook them all. It is only the husband without brain or breeding who will nag and criticize.

The husband who starts out in life with the determination to make his wife happy, almost always succeeds. And in his devotion to this supreme end he is too busy to notice the little things that might offend.

What a comfort, what a balm to the breaking heart at the parting hour if the husband and wife have the blessed knowledge that they did what they could to make each other happy. That consolation is worth all the efforts of a lifetime.

Every wife should think too much of her own happiness and the happiness of her children to scold. And the husband should see to it that she is given no reasonable excuse to scold. The subjective, after all, is the worst effect of a scold.

### MUST BE CONSIDERATE.

That their married life may be marred by the fewest possible disturbances, the husband and wife must be always faithful, considerate and forgiving.

When lovers, they are, as a rule, so intensely watchful and considerate of each other's feelings that their lives are in perfect accord. To all appearances they are absolutely happy. Every possible offense in act or word

passes by unnoticed. Each expression is greeted with a smile and there is at all times a manifestation of the most affectionate regard. They have faith in each other. Their relations are marked by a most exemplary and beautiful devotion and they seem completely satisfied in each other's company.

Would that this happy condition might always exist after marriage. There is no good reason why it should not. Indeed, married life should be all of a lover's life, and pleasures innumerable beside. In it there is daily and almost hourly opportunity for developing the best there is in human nature. "Two souls with but a single thought, two hearts that beat as one," should be literally true of the husband and wife. It is true in many, many homes of this land. It ought to be in all, and will be when the proper mission of life is understood. The husband should be quickly responsive to the desires of his wife and the wife should be a strong and steady inspiration to the husband in all his reasonable ambitions.

But the ideal condition does not always exist. We have to consider life as we find it. Devoted lovers sometimes become indifferent companions. The lover lifts his sweetheart over the fence, out of the carriage, across the muddy thoroughfare, up and down the church steps with the most devoted care; but the same lover, now the husband, not infrequently permits his wife to clamber over the fence and to look out for herself in numberless other acts, without the gallant attention which she was wont to receive in the halcyon days gone by. And sometimes, with not a thing himself to do, he has been known to let his tired wife bring in coal, carry out ashes and do dozens of things which he would have been ashamed to let her do when she was his rosy-cheeked sweetheart ten years before.

It is not always the husband who becomes indifferent to responsibilities of domestic life. The wife sometimes falls short of her plain duty toward her husband. There is neglect here and there, a distressing lack of regard comes on by degrees, smiles are less numerous and responsive and soon there is an air about the house which leads one to believe that love has taken wings and flown away.

Many couples live together all their lives in a matter-of-fact sort of way and really never know what it is to love. They start wrong; they are incompatible; they suffer themselves to drift apart; or some other reason obtains for making their domestic life merely a tolerable existence when it ought to have been a rapturous pleasure.

Many married couples enter the new relation without proper conception of its duties and responsibilities. They do not seem to realize that they have entered a new and untried life and that their first duty is to adapt them-

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# STORIES BY THE EDITOR

## STANCHNESS OF AMERICAN RECTITUDE.

By Grover Cleveland.



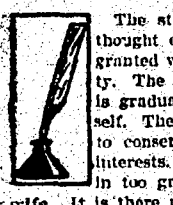
GROVER CLEVELAND

No people can lose hope while their courts and juries remain unblemished and administer justice fearlessly and unreluctantly. United States Senators and Representatives who, relying on the loose ideas of honesty pervading their environment, have betrayed the trust of the people and who have no perverted sentiment and no disguise or dangle of high position avail to save them from the fate of common malefactors. The easy going disuse of political privileges by honest citizens falls far short of a willingness on their part to overlook or tolerate a vile traffic in votes or an abominable bartering away of the people's interests in places of trust. An army of teachers in our schools and colleges are by their lives of self-sacrificing and conscientious devotion to the cause of education making unrelenting protest against prevailing selfishness and avarice. From many thousands of pulpits throughout the land is ceaselessly enforced the inspired assurance "better is a little with righteousness than great revenues without right."

It may be that directors of organizations who have invited the confidence of the people and who have negligently or viciously betrayed their trust will not thereby lose caste among their fellows in the guild of riches; but there are millions of their countrymen who will persist in measuring their conduct by the plain, simple standard of moral rectitude. The American character has received no disabling wounds or hurts. It can be relied upon to save our institutions, if its moral fiber is not further weakened by the creeping corrosion of greed or wicked neglect. And these cannot occur if the masses of the American people are watchful, faithful to their great trust and in all things patriotic.

## MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

By Professor Felix Adler.



The stronghold of the home lies in the thought of its permanency, and every divorce granted weakens the expectation of this stability. The idea of marriage as a great social end is gradually giving way to thoughts for one's self. The medieval conception of marriage was to conserve the family name and the family interests. In Japan one ground for divorce lies in too great an attachment between man and wife. It is there recognized that a wife owes a certain allegiance to the family as a whole. In one phase the change in modern times is to be commended, for the woman asserts her independence and shows that her

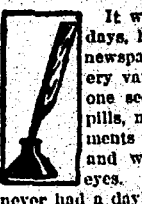
heart must be consulted, yet there is an implety in this attitude, inasmuch as a couple will withdraw from its society and proclaim its right to enter into bonds of matrimony regardless of any social demand.

The divorce movement is the effect of this individualism. When a couple marries solely for their own happiness one will dissolve the bond as soon as the other fails of realization. The best and truest marriages result when the parties enter into them not for personal happiness, but with a desire to reach the social end.

Parents should remain together if only for the sake of their children. In strained parental relations, why would it not be feasible to divorce a son from a father, a daughter from a mother? A father cannot cast off a prodigal son; there is no such thing as disowning him, for we hear of that only in novels. Likewise, there is no such thing as disowning a wife, however grave her offense might be. She may be exiled for life, but the mental relation should never cease, even when the intimate does.

## FOOD AND FADS AND THEIR EVILS.

By Prof. E. T. Minnich.



FOOD AND FADS

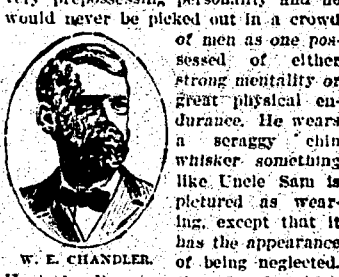
It would be hard to forget ill health nowadays, however well one might be oneself. The newspapers are full of discussions respecting every variety of it. As one walks down a street one sees on the walls the advertisements of pills, nerve fortifiers, tonics, and cures for ailments of every kind. The affliction of men and women are kept rigorously before our eyes. We could not forget them even if we never had a day's illness.

Higher wages, better food, better houses, and athletics have increased the chances of longer existence. You would not get it if you tried as bad bread to-day as was the ordinary bread of twenty years ago, and you would have considerable difficulty in finding a house which was so unhealthy as a house of that period—at the same rent. The laws against adulteration passed in 1875 have abolished the first, and the laws with regard to housing have extinguished the latter. The authorities have discovered that it is cheaper not to have smallpox, cholera, and typhoid than to have them, and they have taken steps that have made these afflictions a hundred times rarer than they were.

Many people are firmly convinced that no exercise can really do you good unless it is expensive. Most of the enthusiastic golf players I meet would, I am convinced, lose an immense part of their faith in the healthy influence of the game if they could not manage to spend \$5 a day over it. Walking is too cheap for many people. I believe in games, but for a healthy exercise walking is equal to any. But one must have something. No exercise is a fearful waste. You cannot afford it.

fastest on the ranch, and Molly thought that by urging him on to a quick run, she might yet be able to reach her husband in time to warn him of his danger. On, on she rode, now and then bending over King's neck, to whisper in his ear, and the good steed, seeming to understand, went faster and faster, until those who followed were just able to discern a white speck disappearing in front of them.

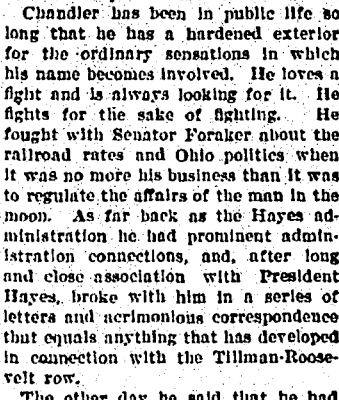
But not until the sound of horse's hoofs had become indistinct, did Molly realize the danger to which she had subjected herself in riding so far in advance of the others. She knew that if the highwaymen were at Black Rock first, and they probably would be, they would not let her, his wife, pass; but this thought did not cause her to lose courage nor to slacken speed. She turned around once more, and could just see four figures following at some distance, and hoped earnestly that they might not be far off when she should reach Black Rock.



W. E. CHANDLER

He is hardly more than five feet high and wears eyeglasses with a black silk string that ties them to his coat lapel. In summer time he is much given to the wearing of ill-fitting, baggy linen suits and "Rube-like" straw hats.

Let no one think that his stature indicates intellectual dot. He is as sharp as a whipcord and few men ever sit in the Senate who had the gift of repartee that he possesses. Only Ingalls of Kansas ever successfully coped with him, and Ingalls never relished a passage-at-arms with the New Hampshire man. Most people call him the "Wasp of the Senate," and Senator Vest of Missouri, who was not wanting in picturesque language when the occasion demanded it, once referred to him as the "Mosquito of the Senate."



RIDING FAR IN ADVANCE.

fired and hit her with a bullet. She felt faint, and slipping the revolver into its holster, she placed her hand to her side. The palm at once grew warm with blood. She was now so weak that she could no longer manage the reins, so King of his own accord slowed down to a trot. There was no need of hastening now, for her own men had come upon the desperadoes, and after a sharp scuffle the latter were made prisoners.

Molly had not ridden far when on looking up she saw a man riding on a white horse, whom she knew to be her husband. She gave a high of relief, and tried to call out to him, but the sound was only a moan.

King, being no longer guided, stopped suddenly. The jolt caused Molly to reel in her seat, but instead of falling to the ground, she fell into a strong pair of arms. A voice was saying things she liked but could not hear, but she knew that voice only too well. She smiled, as she whispered, so low that he could scarcely hear. "Just—just in time, Will."

"In time? In time for what, dear?" he asked gently, wondering what she could mean.

But there was no answer. He turned her face to the moonlight. The quiet lips smiled still, and the beautiful face

## MEXICAN RACE WAR.

Forty-five Americans Killed in Mine Riot.

Outbreak Follows Strike and Demand for Increased Wages—Mexicans Fire on Foreigners and Many Fall at the First Volley.

In a desperate race war between striking Mexican miners and American forty-five Americans were killed Friday at Cananea, Mexico, where is located the great copper camp of Colonel W. C. Greene. The camp was set on fire and it is reported that the Mexicans defied all authority. They were reported to be using dynamite in blowing up the great smelters and mills owned by the Greene company.

The trouble arose at Cananea over the demand of the Mexicans for an increase in wages from \$3.50 to \$5 per day. Colonel Greene addressed practically the entire population of the camp in an effort to pacify the excited Mexicans. However, between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon the Mexicans opened fire on the Americans and forty or more were killed.

Colonel Greene wired at once to Bisbee for all the armed men that could be sent to protect the Americans and their property at Cananea. The population of Cananea is 23,000, of which 5,000 are Americans. The family of Colonel Greene arrived at Nave, Ariz., Friday afternoon, but the Colonel remained with his property.

There has been blood at Cananea for some time and only a month ago the home of the superintendent of the mine was dynamited by unknown parties. Friday one of the policemen of the city was killed by an American, who claimed it was a personal grievance he had against the Mexican.

George Metcalf, who was in charge of the large lumber business of the Greene company, was one of the first men to be killed. The Mexican laborers had been gathering in a great crowd during the forenoon and Friday afternoon about 1,500 of them started from the vicinity of the Sonora hotel toward the lumber yard.

On the way they stopped at a livery stable and tried to persuade two Mexicans at work to join them, but they refused, and when the proprietor told them the stable was his individual property and was not connected with the mining company they left. At the lumber yard a large fire hose was brought out and as the crowd approached the office water was thrown on them.

At the same time Metcalf advanced on the crowd with a rifle. The Mexicans closed in on him, took the gun from his hands and beat him to death with it. William Metcalf, a nephew, rushed to the rescue of his uncle, when he was shot by a Mexican. Three Mexicans were killed at the lumber yard.

## LAKE BUSINESS SHOWS A GAIN.

Government Report Indicates Heavy Movement of Freight.

A bulletin issued by the Department of Commerce and Labor says that commerce on the great lakes during April and the first four months of 1906 exceeds that of like periods in any earlier year. For the month of April shipments from all points on the lakes amounted to 1,295,247 net tons, while for the year to April 30 they aggregated 5,118,181, a gain for the month of 1,275,042 and for the four months of 1,592,656 net tons if compared with corresponding movements in 1905.

It should be noted, however, says the bulletin, that the unusually heavy west-bound movement of coal was probably in large degree due to the storing of vast quantities of this commodity at eastern ports prior to the opening of the lakes, in anticipation of a coal strike, while the general movement of nearly all articles of commerce may have been accelerated by the fear of a general strike among steamship employees, of which there seemed to be a probability during the entire month. Of the coal, iron ore and copper shipments—which for April, 1906, equaled over 50 per cent of the total out-bound movements—the coal moved almost entirely from east to west, while the movement of iron and copper was generally in the opposite direction. Of the April coal movement 338,838 tons were shipped from Cleveland and 328,524 from Buffalo.

## Right to Ignorance Vindicated.

The recent decision of Judge Rice of the Superior court of Pennsylvania, sustaining the lower court in declaring unconstitutional the vital section of the law of 1905, prohibiting the employment of boys under 16 in the mines and under 14 above ground, is responded to by the bringing thousands of small boys back in to the mines and breakers. Although the prohibition against employment of these boys stands its effectiveness is totally removed by striking out the provision requiring presentation of employment certificates, including the record showing the holder's attendance at school during the preceding year. Florence Kelly, secretary of National Consumer's league, says in Clarification and the Commons, that the certificates thus abolished are the simplest device yet invented for making the age limit workable, and declares that these Pennsylvania judges "will go down to history as the enemies of the children, like the twenty-one Georgia Senators who last June condemned to deadly toil in the cotton mills by day and by night little children." The Pennsylvania case will be carried to the supreme court.

## Law Compulsory Education Law.

William H. Allen, general agent for the New York association for improving the condition of the poor, writing in the American Monthly Review of Reviews, calls attention to the fact that from 50,000 to 100,000 children who are supposed to be attending the schools of New York City, under the compulsory education law, in fact are running the streets or working in tenements and factories, in violation of the child labor law. He makes this the basis for a demand for more satisfactory school reports.

## Conditions of Working Women.

The conditions of working women was the subject of a paper read before the academy of political and social science at Philadelphia by Mrs. Rose Pastor Phelps Stokes. She argued that much of the hardship of wage-working women was due to the fact that they are obliged to contribute to the support of families who live in idleness and luxury, and she thought that it was the universal recognition of this fact among the working people which led to the strikes and industrial disturbances and to that class hatred and craving for justice which underlie the socialistic program.

# POLITICAL COMMENT

## The Party that Does Things.

The country will notice that the railway rate-regulation bill adds one more item to the long roll of the Republican party's great achievements in the field of constructive legislation. Senators and Representatives, as well as distinguished and undistinguished persons who are not in public station, are congratulating the President on the passage of the bill. They are right. The President started the movement for rate regulation. In his message to Congress in December, 1904, he said that in his judgment "the most important legislative act now needed as regards the regulation of corporations is an act to confer upon the interstate commerce commission the power to revise rates, the revised rate to go into effect and to stay in effect unless and until the court of review reverses it." This power is conferred by the bill which went through the House a few weeks ago, and which has just gone through the Senate in a somewhat modified form.

A few minutes before the bill was brought up for final passage in the Senate Tillman testified that but for the President's advocacy the measure could never have had a chance for adoption. Everybody knows that this statement is correct. The President succeeded because he had his whole party behind him. From the beginning of the movement the Republican party has championed rate regulation constantly and intelligently. When the Esch-Townsend bill passed the House of the late Congress, a year and a quarter ago, the country saw the first step taken toward placing rate regulation in the statutes. Owing to lack of time the Senate did not take up the question in that Congress, but it has made amends in this respect. The bill is a courageous and sane attempt to deal with this large issue in a way that will meet the people's demands for government control over freight charges, and at the same time protect the railroads from harmful assault. The interests of shippers, of railroads and of the people are, so far as can be foreseen in advance of the actual operation of the law, intelligently guarded.

When, in 1871, Clement L. Vallandigham, the copperhead chieftain of the rebellion days, warned his party against waging further futile war against the legislation of the preceding decade, he paid a striking tribute to the wisdom and the patriotism of the Republican party. That party is still doing things which its enemies are compelled to accept. During the discussion of the rate bill in the Senate the President and his party were assailed by the Democrats, but in the end all were compelled to fall into line in support of the Republican measure. When it is placed on the national statute book, another great exploit in practical legislation will be inscribed to the Republican party's credit. This measure, which originated with a Republican President, was signed by a Republican, and passed a Republican Congress by a virtually unanimous vote. In the congressional campaign this year it will make tens of thousands of votes for the Republicans, particularly in the West. For nearly half a century almost every great measure which has gone on the national statute book has been put there by the Republican party, and most of them have been opposed by the Democracy. In 1904, when the Republicans are about to celebrate the fifteenth anniversary of the establishment of their party as a national organization, it ought to be an easy and a pleasant task to win a sweeping Republican victory in the congressional elections.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## "It Looks Like Bryan."

So say many Democratic leaders and papers who opposed the free silver candidate in 1890 and 1900. Well, suppose the money question is ignored, what better candidate could the free trade Democratic party have? Did not Mr. Bryan help to frame and pass the Wilson law? Can he not be quoted at length in favor of all kinds of free trade?

By all means nominate Mr. Bryan and give us an open, square tariff fight. Let it be Wilson-Gormanism against Dingleyism. It would not matter who the protectionist candidate would be. The personality of both men would be lost in the paramount issue. Things seem to be shaping themselves that way, and perhaps it is best.

All honest, loyal protectionists can stand together on the experience and conditions of the past nine years. The arguments have been made up by actualities. The farmer, the manufacturer, the merchant, the laborer, all know without argument which he likes best. Wilson-Gormanism or Dingleyism. It won't require a large campaign fund to run the Republican side of the fight. The Treasury report, the mercantile reports and Uncle Sam's balance sheet will be the most effective campaign literature, and this supplemented with each individual's own balance sheet will tell the whole story. By all means give us Mr. Bryan and a free trade platform.

## Farmers Not for Revision.

Among farmers one does not hear the demand for tariff revision that was heard the last time there was an agitation for reduction of tariff. That was in 1890-92. The Farmers' Alliance at that time voiced the demand and politicians took up the cry for the purpose of riding into office on the crest of the popular wave. The result was that there was a change and the farmer got the worst of the deal. At this time the politicians lead the demand for revision. They must have an issue and have to fan life into the old revision idea, thinking that the farmers will tumble all over themselves for the benefit of the politicians. But they don't. Because more people fall off the water wagon than all the other vehicles put together.

## Join.

"The most dangerous vehicle," remarked the hat clerk as he read the column of accidents, "is undoubtedly the automobile."

"Far from it," replied the comedian. "The most dangerous vehicle is the water wagon."

"Why so?"

"Because more people fall off the water wagon than all the other vehicles put together."

The opinion is expressed that the recent eruption of Vesuvius will prove to be the volcano's dying effort.

publican farmers recognize that they are the beneficiaries of the sound economic system maintained by the Republican party.—Slayton (Minn.) Gazette.

## As to Free Hides.

Quite a little is being said about free hides, especially by people from Massachusetts. These people are urging that the duty upon hides from the Western cattle raiser be good and that to remove the duty would materially reduce the price of imported hides, and therefore of leather.

The duty may not do the Western cattle raiser any good, but if it tends to raise the price of hides in our markets it certainly adds to the value of the farmers' product. If it does not add to the price of domestic hides it does not increase the price of leather made from these hides.

If we admit that the duty adds to the cost of imported hides how much does it affect the cost of shoes? We presume it is safe to say that an average pair of shoes is not affected by the duty on hides to the extent of 10 cents per pair. To remove this expense of 10 cents or less will not cheapen the price of shoes to the consumer. A pair of shoes now selling for \$2.00 would not with free hides sell for \$2.00. They would still sell for \$2.00. The manufacturer might make the 10 cents and no doubt would. This is why he is so earnest about having free hides. His interest is not to help the consumer by giving him cheaper shoes.

The difference would be too small to accomplish anything there, but a saving of 10 cents on each pair of shoes would represent a handsome profit to the manufacturer who makes many thousands of pairs. This is what is stimulating his enthusiasm for free hides.—Trenton Gazette.

## No Longer Dependent.

A press dispatch from Essen, Germany, mentions the expected demand from San Francisco for structural steel, and adds:

"The Steel Syndicate has just voted \$1.25 increase in the price of half-rolled structural steel."

Our foreign friends have done just this thing to us several times in the past. In 1880 they found us short of steel rails, and held the price on us at \$22.50 for two months, averaging \$5.70 for the year. Then we were making less than 1,000,000 tons of pig-iron per year. This year, thanks to the Dingley law, we will probably make more than 25,000,000 tons, and the German Steel Syndicate can put their price where they please without hurting consumers in the United States.

## Can't Be Bluffed.

Uncle Sam may be a newcomer in the game of world politics, but when it comes to knowing the value of his hand there is little to be taught him; while, as for keeping up his nerve and maintaining a straight face, he has never had an equal. He wants no tariff war with Germany or any other nation—in fact, will go a long way to prevent it; but he is not going to be bluffed out of the game, nor is he going to destroy American industry to keep his neighbor's good will.—Cincinnati Star.

## Based on Fiction.

A correspondent at Hull, England, writes: "As the high price of hides prevails in free-trade England as well as in protection America, there must be some other cause than the tariff that produces the high prices of boots and shoes. Their manufacture is prosperous in America, while in England it is depressed." The cry for free hides in this country is based on fiction as far as it is made a tariff issue.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Dodging the Issue.

The tariff issue is an issue the Republican leaders would gladly dodge if they could—but they can't. The tariff is going to be a leading issue.—American (Ga.) Times.

Oh, no; they don't. They never did; on the contrary, the issue would be welcomed by every protectionist. Give us a good, stiff free trade plank in your platform, and we will meet the issue at every point, and win hands down.

## Chinese Good-Luck Lilies.

A pretty feature of the Chinese New Year's is the prevalence of the good-luck lilies which are to be found blooming in every window in the quarter. The bulbs of the lily peculiar to this holiday are imported in immense quantities, for every family, and for that matter, every single Chinaman as well, buys at least three or four, and many are also sold to Americans who know about them. The culture of these plants is most simple. The bulbs being placed in a dish of clear water with a few pebbles, but no earth, around their roots, spring up almost like magic, and in a few weeks are in full bloom with a wealth of waxen flowers. The leaves and plant resemble a young onion, and the flowers, which are creamy white with yellow centers, shed a singularly insidious perfume. The Chinese are intensely superstitious regarding the growth of these lilies, and when they fail to grow and bloom as they should they are supposed to forebode evil. Their successful flowering insures the best of luck for the coming year.—Harriet Quimby, in Leslie's Weekly.

## Join.

"The most dangerous vehicle," remarked the hat clerk as he read the column of accidents, "is undoubtedly the automobile."

"Far from it," replied the comedian. "The most dangerous vehicle is the water wagon."

"Why so?"

"Because more people fall off the water wagon than all the other vehicles put together."

# PATTERNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

Charming Cashmere Gown.



PATTERN NO. 1407 AND NO. 1408.

This graceful and attractive cashmere dress is a late Parisian suggestion for such a frock. It is an exceedingly pretty design and one that can be of much general service. It depends for its effect on the cut and finish and on the material itself. There is no elaborate trimming, and for this reason it is particularly well suited to the requirements, or to the limitations, if you will, of the home dressmaker. The yoke is of figured silk, in the tone of the gown, which is a delicate shade of green. The blouse pattern, No. 1407, is cut in sizes from 32 to 40 inches bust measure. For medium size 2 1/2 yards of material 27 inches wide will be required with 1/4 yard of silk for yoke. The skirt pattern, No. 1408, is cut in sizes from 22 to 32 inches waist measure and will require for the medium size 6 1/2 yards of the same width, 12 1/2 yards of embroidery will be needed for skirt and blouse.

Either of the above patterns will be mailed to your address for 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of the pattern wanted, and write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.

No. 1407.

SIZE .....

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Order Coupon.

No. 1408.

SIZE .....

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Smart Suit for the Small Boy.



PATTERN NO. 1159.

In addition to being comfortable and becoming, the cut of this suit carries with it a style that may well make the big brothers envious. The tailor who designed it has succeeded in giving it a touch of smartness which is unmistakable. This house coat, or jacket, with knickerbockers coming just a couple of inches below, is by far the most satisfactory style for little men, and garments for boys of this age are so easy to make that mothers almost regret their small sons outgrowing the time when home-made clothing is possible. Light weight wools of all sorts, serge, flannel and the like are appropriate, but just now there is special preference shown shepherd's check for every day, while more for dressy wear. For a boy of 4 years old 1 1/2 yards of material 27 inches wide, or 2 yards 32 inches wide, will be required. The pattern, No. 1159, is cut in sizes for boys from 2 to 4 years of age.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.

No. 1159.

SIZE .....

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

## Interesting Items.

There are now, as nearly as can be counted, 130 apes on Gibraltar. Farm land in England ranges in price from \$30 to \$120 per acre. The Belgians are the greatest potato eaters in the world, the Irish next. Church membership in China has trebled during the last twelve years. If an earthworm is cut in two each portion may become a perfect worm. Nearly 10 per cent of children learn to walk before they are ten months old.







## Crawford Avalanche.

O. PAUL MERR, Editor and Proprietor.

### RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year.....\$1.00  
Six Months......50  
Three Months......25

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 7.

### Official Call For REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

To the Republican Electors of the State of Michigan:  
The State Convention of the Republicans of Michigan is hereby called to meet at the Light Guard Armory in the city of Detroit, Wednesday, August 8, 1906, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for State offices, for the selection of a State Central Committee and a Chairman thereof, and for transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

In accordance with the provisions of law and the action of the Republican State Central Committee, every county will be entitled to one delegate for each three hundred of the total vote cast therein for the Republican candidate for Governor at the last election and one additional delegate for a moiety of 151 votes more. Pursuant to law, Monday, the 18th day of June, 1906, is hereby designated as the day on which shall be held in each county, the County Convention of the Republican Party for the election of delegates to the Republican State Convention herein called.

Under the resolutions of 1888, no delegate will be entitled to a seat in the State Convention who does not reside in the county he proposes to represent.

The delegates from the several counties in each Congressional District are requested to meet in district caucus at 9:30 o'clock a. m. on the day of the State Convention, and select officers as follows, to be presented to the State Convention for confirmation:

- 1.—One Vice-President.
- 2.—One Assistant Secretary.
- 3.—One member of the committee on "Credentialed."
- 4.—One member of the committee on "Permanent Organization and Order of Business."
- 5.—One member of the committee on "Resolutions."
- 6.—Two members of State Central Committee.

In compliance with the resolutions adopted in Detroit, June 23, 1890, the secretary of each county convention is urged to forward to the Secretary of the State Central Committee at Lansing, by the earliest mail after the delegates to the State Convention are chosen, a certified list of delegates to the State Convention from his county, and the chairman of each county delegation is requested to deliver the credentials of his delegation to the member of the Central Committee chosen at his district caucus.

By order of the Republican State Central Committee.

GERRIT J. DIEKEMA,  
Chairman.  
DENNIS E. ALWARD,  
Secretary.

Lansing, May 1, 1906.  
Crawford County is entitled to two delegates.

### Official Call for Republican County Convention.

To the Republican electors of the County of Crawford:

The county convention of the Republicans of Crawford County is hereby called to meet at the Court House in the village of Grayling on Monday, the 18th day of June 1906, at 2 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of electing two delegates to attend the state convention at the City of Detroit, on August 8, 1906, for the nomination of State Officers, and for to transact such other business as properly may come before the County Convention.

The several townships are entitled to the number of delegates as follows: Beaver Creek, 5; Frederic, 13; Grayling, 19; Maple Forest, 7; South Branch, 2; total 46.

By order of the Republican County Committee.

MARIUS HANSON,  
R. D. CONNINE, Chairman.  
Secretary.

In some counties it appears not to be fully understood that county conventions will be held as usual for the election of delegates to the republican state convention. Republican county conventions will be held in every county in the state on the same day, Monday, June 18. Delegates to these conventions are to be selected in the various towns and precincts by the enrolled republican voters of election districts, and therein is the only change from the past procedure so far as delegates to the state convention are concerned. The election of delegates to the county conventions takes place Tuesday, June 12, on the same day in every county.

The Shoe Trust people have decided to increase the price of their products, but their excuse is hardly warranted by the facts. The leaders of the Trust claim that the cost of material has increased 50 per cent, and that the tariff on hides is the cause of it. The tariff on certain grade of hides is 15 per cent. Why should that increase the cost 50 per cent? But the 15 per cent tariff is not imposed on all hides. A large portion come in free of duty. It has been estimated by shoe men that the tariff increases the cost of a pair of \$3.50 shoes from two to seven cents. Call it the latter; that is 2 per cent; not 50 per cent. The Shoe Trust is not increasing the price of shoes on account of the tariff, nor would the Trust lower the price if we had free hides. The Trust wants more profit. If it can't get it at the expense of the cattle raisers, it proposes to get it at the expense of the consumer. But the consumer need not worry. He will find that competition will give him his shoes as cheaply as ever.—American Manufacturer.

### Eastern Michigan Press Club, Annual Meeting.

The editor of the AVAANCHE, as usual, looking for some excuse to get rid of work, concluded he needed a rest, and therefore, with his wife took the morning train for Detroit, May 25, where they met many of the pencil pushers of that section of the State and had a chance to visit many places of interest of that beautiful city, until at about five o'clock about fifty were assembled on the magnificent passenger steamer, Eastern States, enroute to Buffalo. Everybody seemed to be in a particularly happy mood, and ready for the thorough enjoyment of the trip. Soon after partaking of such a breakfast as can seldom be found, except on a shipboard, we arrived at Buffalo and took a trolley train for east Aurora, the home of the Roycrofters, seventeen miles from the city. This is a rather a pretty suburban city of about 3000 inhabitants, but strikes the stranger as in some respects peculiar, as the Roycrofters have made their impress to some extent, aside from their own holdings, which consists of a printing and bindshop, and furniture shop, a farm and bank and hotel. They are incorporated but we believe they live and work together as a community. Their printing and binding has given them considerable notoriety and is very fine. Their furniture is massive, handmade severely plain, giving no invitation for comfort or rest. They profess to have returned to the "Simple Life" which is governed by love and that, with the plainest diet and their peculiar architecture makes the whole thing altogether to simple for our modern people. A very little of it is enough to satisfy us, and as the "chief mogul" Mr. Hubbard, was absent, we were glad when the time came to embark for the "world's wonder," Niagara Falls. Though most of us had been there before, the magnificence of the scene seemed as grand as ever and was most thoroughly enjoyed, from the roar and mist and spray of the thundering cataract to the rushing rapids below the whirlpool.

Sight seeing engrossed the time of our party until 10 a. m. Monday, when in response to invitation we visit the most ideal food factory in the world, owned and operated by "The Natural Food Co. of Niagara Falls, N. Y."

We were shown every process from the cleaning of the wheat, to the finished product of shredded wheat biscuit, and the automatic machinery directed by skilled labor is revelation in itself. The factory is an "Industrial Crystal Palace," lighted by 30,000 pans of glass, every window being doubly glazed, preventing the admission of a particle of dust to mingle with the food product. Their power is taken from the "Falls," and the whole structure is most wonderfully lighted by electricity, by which also their immense product of biscuit, which are now shipped throughout christendom, are baked. The welfare of the employees is carefully guarded, fine bathing privileges being provided, with dancing hall, tennis and ball grounds and every possible acquisition for healthy pleasure. A dandy lunch was served, and the party given a drive over Goat Island in Auto Vans, to view the wondrous rapids above the falls. A vote of thanks was given the Co., for their courtesy, and we departed for our homeward trip. At 5 p. m. we were again on board the Eastern States and steamed out of the Buffalo Harbor, gay and happy, for our own beautiful Detroit. At midnight we were greeted with just wind enough to rock most of us to sleep, but rocky enough to make some of the timid ones wonder. At Detroit in time to bid hasty good-byes and hurry to the morning trains for our respective homes where we were glad to be again, but yet glad of the pleasure and rest we had enjoyed.

The city of Dallas, Texas, has demonstrated that it pays to advertise a stock of goods, a house and lot, or a farm for sale. Not long since a Hundred and Fifty Thousand club was organized in the city, having for its object the promotion of the city. This club decided to side-track talk and do business. With that end in view about a year ago the club contracted with William S. Power, Pittsburg, advertising agent, for five years' advertising for which the club guaranteed \$50,000. The first installment, \$15,000 was raised among the members of the club. The result is more than 20,000 inquiries were received and eleven manufacturing plants with a capital of \$10,000 to \$100,000 each have been located during the last year. Each plant has purchased its own site and not even a share of stock in one of them has been bought by citizens of Dallas. Thirty new jobbing and wholesale houses have been established there in the same period and five hundred farms have been sold within a radius of twenty-five miles of Dallas. Building operations exceeded those of 1904 by over a million dollars; post-office receipts increased twenty per cent; bank deposits increased twenty-five per cent and there has been a like increase in the jobbing business. Local jealousy, one of the most serious handicaps to the development of a city, have disappeared from Dallas and every citizen under the influence of the club, pulls unitedly together.

The attitude of labor unions in the rebuilding operations at San Francisco is well calculated to strengthen the unions on the coast and to please all who have the true interests of organized labor at heart. Whereas they might have availed themselves of many technical points in their agree-

ments with employers to turn the disaster to their own gain, they have, instead, made haste to waive whatever there was in their regulations that had a tendency to retard or hinder the work of rebuilding the burned and quake-shaken city. They have decided that there shall be no change in the general wage scale, no special overtime charges either for week-day or Sunday labor and taken other action that places labor in happy participation in the united effort to rebuild as well and as soon as possible. In the past capital and labor have had their differences in San Francisco and they probably will have them in the future but present actions indicate that there will be in the time of trouble harmonious relations, mutual consideration, and an era of good feeling that must have great and appreciable results.

The election of delegates to county or district conventions at the primary election to be held June 12, is one requirement of that day which is in danger of being overlooked. In every county in the state delegates must be elected June 12 to the county convention which will choose delegates from the county to the state convention. It will be necessary to elect delegates to district conventions where candidates are not to be chosen by direct party vote. The other duties of primary day, June 12, voting on candidates for governor and lieutenant governor, and on the question of the adoption of the primary convention method, will be more in the minds of most voters. But the election of delegates to county and district conventions must be thought of and prepared for in advance and should not be forgotten.

A Madrid dispatch announcing the death of General Blanco, Spain's last governor general in Cuba, recalled a name very familiar to Americans eight years ago. Early in 1899 the Spanish government awoke to the fact that the atrocities of the butcher Weyler were certain to bring the United States to the aid of the Cuban revolutionists, and Blanco came over to reverse Weyler's policy. At that time Blanco was sixty-five years of age and not at all aggressive. He had made a record in Cuba at the close of the first Cuban insurrection and also in the Philippines during the early days of the insurrection which drew our fleet to Manila bay. But for the blowing up of the United States battleship Maine in Havana harbor, probably there would have been no Spanish-American war, and Blanco would have left behind him in Cuba the record of a great pacificator. At least such was the programme which brought him to Cuba. He had even been called upon to defend himself in Madrid against the charge of too great leniency toward the Filipinos in 1894-96, although he showed that over a thousand rebels had been banished from the islands during his term and many leaders sent to the gallows. Although in command of a good sized army at Havana when General Shafter attacked Santiago, Blanco made no attempt to relieve that place, and as soon as the garri- son surrendered and Cervera's fleet was destroyed he urged his government to evacuate Cuba.

Grayling vs. Shemm's.

The Base Ball Game between Grayling and Shemm's of Saginaw, last Thursday, resulted in 4 against 2 in favor of Grayling.

Score by innings:  
Innings: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
Grayling 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 4  
Saginaw 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2

Batteries—Grayling: Jones and Reagan. Saginaw: Deyer and Tallman.

Strikeouts—Jones 11. Deyer 7.

Next Tuesday, Grayling vs Cadillac.

### Portage Lake Lots.

I have a few very desirable lots on Portage Lake for sale.

J. L. HANNES.

### Notice.

Pursuant to the Village ordinance all persons owning dogs must have them licensed after June 1st. Owners of dogs are requested to call on the Village Clerk to procure license and tags for their dogs. Signed

H. P. OLSON,  
Village Clerk.

### Detroit Live Stock Market.

Prime steers and heifers, \$4.75-5.50.  
Handy butchers cattle, \$4.00-4.60. Common, \$2.75-3.75.  
Canners' cows, \$1.50-2.50.  
Stockers and feeders, \$2.50-4.00.  
Milk cows, \$2.50-4.50.  
Calves, \$3.00-6.50.  
Prime lambs, \$6.75-7.00.  
Mixed lambs, \$5.00-6.00.  
Culls, \$2.50-3.50.  
Prime medium hogs, \$6.30-6.35.  
Yorkers, \$6.30-6.35.  
Pigs, \$6.25-6.30.  
Roughs, 5.00-6.00.

### An Alarming Situation

Frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills; the best and gentlest regulators of Stomach and Bowels. Guaranteed by L. Fournier, druggist. Price 25c.

### A Card.

The undersigned desire to Respectfully announce that they are about to open up and do business in the Met-calf's meat market, on and after June 30th. We shall use every effort to give satisfaction in every respect. We cordially invite your patronage.

PYM BROS.  
Meat Market.

### Grayling's Growth.

Among the business enterprises in every hamlet, town, and city, throbs as a pulse, the business of Uncle Sam's Post Office, the volume of its business indicating by its growth the financial and business health of its patrons in the community in which it is located.

The past eight years have been years of financial prosperity for Grayling. As a recent report to the department shows an increase in Postal receipts of 46% in that time, but the most marked increase has taken place within the last two years. For the year of 1904, there were issued at the Grayling Post Office 3693 Money Orders amounting to nearly \$50,000. Postal receipts. "This includes sale of stamps," box rents and income from all sources amounting to \$2996.57; while for the year closed March 31, 1906, the records show 5,942 orders were sold amounting to nearly \$46,000. Postal receipts for same period amounting to \$3,759.09.

It must be admitted that this is a rapid gain in receipts. The capacity of the old outfit were entirely inadequate to care for this large increase in business, but with the present, every thing seems to be running smoothly. The probabilities are that next year will show a decided increase over any past year and if the business of our city keeps pace with the Post office our business men will certainly have no cause for complaint.

Dr. Underhill's big AnSable Ranch, embracing a tract of land containing more than 10,000 acres, 4,000 acres of which are in Otsego county and about 6,000 acres in Crawford county, is doing things on a big scale. Last year the ranch did a big business in young cattle, handling over 1,100 head, while this year they expect to turn off upwards of 1,000 head. Just to show their faith in the rich lands they have under cultivation, they have planted a hundred acre field to potatoes and expect to reap a fine crop. Everything is done on the farm with modern machinery. They also have a hundred acres seeded to oats, from which they expect a fair yield. This field was seeded to clover when the oats were put in, and it was a good catch and looks very promising. Their big meadow contains about 110 acres, and the yield of hay this year is estimated at 200 tons. They have let the contract for clearing up 250 acres more that will be into crops next season. At the present writing 100 head of hogs are on hand at the farm that will go into the pork barrel next fall. Mr. Underhill is also fond of good horses and has a blooded animal whose sire brought \$39,000 in a private sale down east. The ranch is well equipped with a modern house and big barns and out-buildings, all substantially built with stone foundations, and under the able and wise management of the genial Dr. the ranch no doubt will win fame and fortune to its fortunate owner.—Otsego County Herald.

FOR SALE BY  
Selling,  
Hanson & Co.,  
Grayling, Michigan.

### Notice.

Parties hauling rubbish to the dump are requested to deposit same in the hole made for the purpose, and not scattering all over the grounds. Persons not complying with this order will be fined.

By order of Board of Health.

P. E. JOHNSON,  
Clerk.

### Notice.

All books belonging to the township library must be delivered on the 14th day of June, at from 5 to 8 o'clock P. M., so the books can be fumigated.

By order of Board of Health.

P. E. JOHNSON,  
Clerk.

### Death from Lockjaw

never follows an injury dressed with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its antiseptic and healing properties prevent blood poisoning. Chas. Oswald, merchant, of Rensselaerville, N. Y., writes: "It cured Seth Burch, of this place, of the ugliest sore on his neck I ever saw." Cures Cuts, Wounds, Burns and Sores. 25c at L. Fournier's drug store.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the next meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the county of Wexford, application will be made by the undersigned for leave to construct and maintain a dam across the Manistee River, for the purpose of obtaining power to operate an electric light and power plant.

Said dam to be located at or near the section line between sections one and twelve of town twenty-four north of range 10 west, on the S. W. 1/4 of the S. W. 1/4 of section one and the N. W. 1/4 of the N. W. 1/4 of section twelve in said township.

Said dam not to exceed thirty-five feet in height, to be substantially constructed of wood, earth, stone, cement and other proper materials, and to be provided with a suitable chute and apron for the passage of logs and timber.

Dated this 1st day of June, A. D. 1906.

W. E. WILLIAMS  
LAWRENCE H. DEZORTE  
LORRAINE K. GIBBS

### LOOK HERE!

Andrew Peterson's  
JEWELRY STORE

is the place to bring watch repairing etc. You listen:

40 Years at the Bench

is my experience, and all my work is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

I Found a Thing to do, and I did it, and have been doing it ever since, that was, and is making a square deal with square people, and I am still at the same business.

Do You Know

that I have the most complete stock of Jewelry, Cut Glass and Silverware in the city, and fine Chinaware to order.

We Invite

the most thorough investigation and critical inspection and test of superiority on our

Hamilton,

Bail's Official R. R.

Waltham and

Elgin

Movements,

in a Fahy's, Boss, Crown or Crescent case. Twenty or Twenty-five year guarantee.

Bring in your repair work, as repairing is a specialty of mine.

Andrew Peterson.

The City

Livery Sale & Feed Stable

Geo. Langevin, Prop.

First Class Rigs. Reasonable prices. Special Attention to the Sporting trade

The

Elite Glove-Fitting

Petticoats

FOR SALE BY

Selling,  
Hanson & Co.,  
Grayling, Michigan.

ATLAS SOAP

FOR FAMILY USE.

Sure WASHES and gets beautiful results. Ask Your Grocer for ATLAS.

The BEST SOAP for Everybody.

One of our many Premiums

Gold Set Ring, like cut, two stones each, either Turquoise

Rubies or Opal. 150 wrappers

and 2 cents for postage each.

Send for complete list of Premiums, FREE.

ATLAS SOAP WORKS, SAGINAW, MICH.

Township Election Notice

To the electors of the Township of Grayling, County of Crawford, State of Michigan:

In accordance with the provision of law, you are hereby notified that at the primary election to be held in this State on June 12, 1906, the nomination of candidates in each of the political parties for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be made, there shall also be elected by each political party, delegates to the county convention thereafter to be held by said political party.

You are also notified that on the date above mentioned, the question of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor by direct vote, shall be submitted to the enrolled voters of each political party; also the question of nominating, by direct vote, candidates of the political party indicated and for the office hereafter named.

Representative in Congress.

Representative in the State Legislature.

The polls of said election will be opened at 8 o'clock in the forenoon and will remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the Board of Election Inspectors of said Township.

Dated this 1st day of June, A. D. 1906.

P. E. JOHNSON,  
Township Clerk.

1878. 1906.

## The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!  
RIGHT PRICES!

Always Our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

SHOES, HARDWARE,

FLOUR, FEED,

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

## Selling, Hanson & Co.

June Sale of  
MUSLIN UNDERWARE

AND  
SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

Ladies' 15 cent vest for.....10c.  
Ladies' Muslin Drawers.....25c.  
Ladies' Corset Covers.....25 to 50c.  
Ladies' Petticoats.....75 to \$1.50c.  
Ladies' Night Gowns.....75 to \$1.75c.  
Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits.....\$2.25 to \$3.50c.  
Ladies' \$2.00 White Linen Skirts.....\$1.50c.  
Ladies' Shirt Waists from.....75 to \$1.50c.  
All our 35c. Summer Dress Goods.....25c.  
All our 30c. Summer Dress Goods.....20c.  
For one week only we will sell 100 yd. Richardson's spool Silks for.....7c.

We have fully satisfied Grayling People, that what we advertise is so; its our wish to make our Store the place that will enjoy the highest Public Confidence.

ALL THE GOODS

we offer are strictly new, and show the style of today.

A. KRAUS & SON,

Leading One Price Store,

For Sale by

SALLING, HANSON & CO.

A tumble-down, weather-beaten barn is a disgrace to the farm, and there is no excuse for it. It detracts from the value of your holdings and is just so much money thrown away.

Your good right hand, a good brush,

PITKIN'S BARN PAINT

will save you from the criticism of your neighbors—It's a word to the wise is sufficient.

Pitkin's Barn Paint has stood the test of time, is guaranteed for 3 years—AND THE GUARANTEE IS GOOD.

For Sale by

SALLING, HANSON & CO.



## Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 7.

### Local and Neighbored News.

#### Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are one dollar per year IN ADVANCE. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A X following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondences, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

Photos \$1.00 a dozen and up.

A suggestion. See Sorenson's ad.

Photo Buttons at the Novelty Gallery.

The New Russell House will sell meal tickets for 21 meals for \$4.00.

Wedding Gift Suggestions. See Sorenson's ad.

FOR SALE—A cook stove. Will sell cheap. MRS. BENKELMAN.

Something new for the young men and girls at the Photo Gallery.

Fishing Tackle of all descriptions, at Fournier's Drug Store.

Base Ball Goods at Fournier's Drug Store.

Remember your friends with a Souvenir Post Card from Sorenson's.

Rings of all descriptions sizes and shapes at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry store.

Miss Martha Knibbs has returned from the south to her home in Maple Forest.

Fine Sterling Souvenir spoons can be had at A. Peterson's Jewelry Store.

A new Champion mower and rake will be sold cheap for cash. Enquire of JOHN JOHNSON.

FOR SALE—A good piano, one bed, springs and mattress. Enquire of Mrs. D. Flagg.

The Bride's choice now a days is a handsome piece of cut glass, get it at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

A cord of old papers for sale at this office. Just right to put under carpets, or on the pantry shelves.

There will be no service at the M. E. church Sunday, June 10th, by order of Board of Health.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price, call at the AVALANCHE office.

Get your jewelry work and watch repairing done at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

Paul Miller had an arm broken by being caught in a pulley in one of the mills here, Monday.

Peter Swanson fell from a tramway in the mill yard Monday, suffering a severe contusion of his leg.

Call on A. Kraus for all kinds of fishing tackle. He handles none but the best.

By all means, get the best for the money. You'll find it at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

John Morrison, Manager of the Central Drug Store, returned home with his bride Tuesday. They are welcome.

Stop just a moment! I want to call your attention to my latest assortment of Souvenir spoons. Call in and see them.

ANDREW PETERSON.

Parties having in their possession books belonging to the township library must return them June 14. See notice in another column.

The annual encampment of the G. A. R., W. R. C. and S. of V. is to be held at Saginaw, June 13-15, and the Michigan Central railroad has made a rate of only \$2.86 for the round trip. Sale June 12, 13, and 14. Return limit 17th.

A single man about 30 years of age, named Geo. Everett, was attempting to catch a horse in a yard at Hardgrove, Sunday, when the animal wheeled and kicked him on the neck, killing him instantly.

Sheriff Stilwell took Hans Mason, insane, to the Dearborn retreat last week, and on his return stopped at Mason, where his wife is in attendance on her mother. Mrs. Dayton is in a terrible condition from the cancer which is eating away her life, and the end is near.

A terrible accident occurred at the mill of T. E. Douglas & Co. at Lovell, last Saturday. Peter Loro, the setter, in some way fell in front of the saw, and the top part of his head, above the eyes, entirely severed and the fingers of one hand. The body was brought here for interment. He leaves a wife and two children.

A letter here from Bryan, Ohio, places the matter of the shooting, by W. A. Masters of a man who was trying to force a track across his farm, in a much more favorable light than was given in the newspapers in their reports. We are glad to think that the case may not be nearly so serious as was feared.

Salesmen Wanted Three salesmen to introduce our "New Census Illustrated Atlas of Michigan." A 1906 publication containing 1,000 illustrations, historical and descriptive matter; special index to 3,600 cities, towns, and postoffices. Special new maps. An absolutely new departure. Write for particulars.

RAND, McNALLY & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hanson June 3, a daughter.

The Grange finished up 8 new members last meeting.

Katie Bates and Goldie Pond are going to spend a few days in Gaylord.

Mrs. Virken and daughter of Bay City are the guests of Mrs. McPeak.

Get a fine guitar absolutely free. S. H. & Co. will tell you how to get it.

Mrs. Fred Harrington and son spent a few days last week in Pinconning.

The house on John Rasmussen's farm, on the south side of the river, is for rent.

Attorney A. M. Hilton of Gaylord, was in Grayling last Thursday conducting a law suit.

A fine guitar free with every \$100.00 trade at S. H. & Co.'s store. Trade there, and save your tickets.

Use Bug Finish to destroy potato bugs. 50c per pound at Fournier's Drug Store.

Dr. Merriman was called to Gladwin Monday, as witness in an important suit, in that city.

The Grayling high school team will play a return game with the team at Vanderbilt, Saturday, June 9.

Julius Rasmussen trimmed his fingers Tuesday with a saw in the mill. It is not certain that they will be saved.

Mrs. Flora House of Maple Forest, has returned from her winters visit and went to her son's, Archie's, yesterday.

Trade at S. H. & Co.'s, save your trading tickets and get a fine guitar free as soon as your purchases amount to \$100.00.

Do not forget the memorial service Saturday the 16. The program will be short as we wish to give much time to Bro. Peters. It will be an open meeting.

I have added a large fleet of fine steel row boats to my boat livery at Portage Lake, and am prepared to give first class service in that line. J. J. COLLEN.

Mrs. Dr. Niles started this morning, with her sister, Mrs. O. Palmer for her birthplace in the Berkshire Hills, Mass. They will also visit friends in Hartford, Conn., before their return.

FOR SALE—A good 4 room house, and a piece of land. Best location on south side. Will sell together or separate. Enquire of JOHN H. COOK.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church, will hold its regular meeting at Mrs. Henry Trumley's, Friday, June 14. Supper at five o'clock, to which every one is invited.

Two comfortable cottage houses for sale, near the Market on the South side of the river. One for \$300.00 and the other for \$400.00. Worth the money. S. BELCHAK.

H. C. McKinley, after a year of rest, has taken charge of his paper, the Otsego County Herald, and will continue to make it one of our most valued exchanges.

Now is the time to buy lots for your summer cottage or for camping purpose at Oak Hill Park, for they are going fast and prices are advancing. J. J. COLLEN.

Portions of membrane from the throat of Lee Winslow were sent to the University and Diptheria Bacilla easily found. The patient is improving nicely, but the question of the disease is settled beyond discussion. Let every precaution possible be taken in the village until all danger is over.

A good seven room house on the South side of the river is offered for sale at a fair price. CHARLES THOMAS.

Word is received that Rev. C. E. Scott and family are now at Holyoke, Mass., preparing for their removal to the missionary field in China. They will bear with them the best wishes of our citizens.

Clearwater township is building five miles of new road in township 17-5, the terminus of which is at the steel bridge over Manistee river. This will give a more direct route to Grayling and will save about three miles.—Kalkaska Leader.

We are glad to notice that the tide of prosperity continues to strike Bro. Len J. Patterson, of the Tawas Herald, who has increased the size of his paper to a seven column quarto, on account of increased advertising patronage. Hope it will hit him again, as he deserves it for the good thing he gives out.

W. F. Benkleman and family left here on Tuesday for their new home in Owosso. They bear with them the best wishes of all our people. They have been here so long, and so fully identified in our social and business life that they seemed an integral part of our village. We congratulate Owosso on the acquisition to their citizenship.

On invitation a few prominent members of the Gaylord Eastern Star Lodge rode down to Grayling Wednesday and were the guests of the sister lodge of that place. They were nicely entertained and came home the next morning feeling that it was good to be there. Those attending were Mr. and Mrs. S. T. McReavy, F. A. Kramer and wife, W. L. Townsend and wife, Anson Quirk and wife, Mrs. H. E. Blodgett, Mrs. Geo. Durfee, Mrs. Wm. Shepard, Mrs. Ethel Allen, Mrs. Gunn; Mr. and Mrs. Williams, of Waters, and the worthy Lodge Matron, Mrs. Lottie Quirk.—Otsego County Herald.

## Proceedings of the Common Council.

[OFFICIAL.]

Grayling, June 4, 1906.

Regular meeting of the Common Council convened at the Court House.

John F. Hum, President in the chair.

Present Trustees Amidon, McCullough, Connine, and Peterson.

Absent Trustee Michelson and Brink.

Meeting called to order by the President.

Moved and supported that the report of the Finance Committee be accepted and orders drawn for the several amounts. Motion Carried.

REPORT.

To the President and Trustees of the Common Council, village of Grayling:

Your Finance Committee would recommend that the following bills be allowed as follows.

C'd. All'd.

1. J. P. Jensen rebate on cement walks \$ 5.94 \$ 5.94

2. A. Hyle do 5.10 5.10

3. Chris Skon do 16.38 16.38

4. William McCollough team work 3.00 3.00

5. A. J. Stillwell do 17.00 17.00

6. Geo. Langevin do 6.50 6.50

7. Peter Hanson, labor on streets 12.78 12.78

8. Louis Lamott do 5.76 5.76

9. Orson Corvin do 2.48 2.48

10. C. P. Robinson labor direct com 23.63 23.63

11. John Leece member board review 4.00 4.00

12. Lucien Fournier rebate on cem. walk 5.58 5.58

13. C. Howland 3 cross-walks 158.40 158.40

[Signed] R. D. CONNINE, C. O. MCCULLOUGH, H. PETERSON, Finance Committee.

The village assessor then placed the assessment roll before the Council for their inspection.

Moved and supported that the petition of the Crawford County Farmer's Telephone Company, be referred to the committee on streets. Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that Hugh Oaks be re-engaged for year ending June 1st, 1907, to take care of hose house and fire apparatus as per old contract, at salary of \$75.00 per year.

Ayes, McCullough, Connine, Amidon, Peters and Michelson. Nays, none. Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that owing to the decayed condition of out buildings on lots 4 and 5, block 17, original plat of the village of Grayling, and the danger of fire to surrounding property, from said outbuilding, the village marshal be hereby ordered to notify the respective owners of said buildings to remove or repair the same, and also to remove all rubbish from said premises. Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that we adjourn. Motion prevailed.

H. P. OLSON, Village Clerk.

## Proceedings of the Village Board of Health.

Grayling, June 4, 1906.

The Village Board of Health convened at the Court House.

John F. Hum, President in the chair.

Present Trustees McCullough, Connine, Peterson, Michelson and Amidon.

Absent Trustee Brink.

Meeting called to order by the President.

Moved and supported that the Board of Health approve and adopt the action of the Health Officer and Committee on Health regarding the prevention of contagious diseases. Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that the bill of Grant Shellenberger for \$1.00 be allowed as charged. Motion carried.

Moved and supported, that we adjourn. Motion prevailed.

H. P. OLSON, Clerk.

### Following the Flag.

When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines, health was the most important consideration. Willis T. Morgan, retired Commissary Sergeant U. S. A., of Rural Route Concord, N. H., says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philippines, and being subject to colds, I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which kept me in perfect health. And now in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine for colds, coughs, croup, bronchitis, and all lung diseases. Guaranteed at L. Fournier's, druggist. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Wednesday afternoon May 30th, at 4 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Cameron; Mr. Christopher Ackerman and Mrs. Carrie Cameron; Mr. Carl Larson and Miss VanAmberg, all of Grayling were united in marriage by Rev. J. F. Thompson, pastor M. E. church. The brides wore blue panama kites and white silk waists. The grooms wore conventional black. A very bountiful repast was enjoyed by quite a number of relatives and friends who wish the married couples very much joy over the voyage of life. Com.

### Deadly Serpent Bites

are as common in India as are stomach and liver disorders with us. For the latter however there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters; the great restorative medicine, of which S. A. Brown, of Bennettville, S. C., says: "They rested my wife to perfect health, after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder disorders. Sold on guarantee by L. Fournier, druggist. Price 50c.

### Card of Thanks.

TO OUR FRIENDS:—Know that the kindness and sympathy extended by you personally and by letter, also those tokens of sympathy rendered to us during our recent bereavement are greatly appreciated. They have made the tears less bitter, and the sorrow more easily born.

H. M. MERRIAM and Family.

## ARE YOU LOOKING

# FOR BARGAINS.

I have got a lot of MEN'S and BOYS Underware and Overhairs, BOYS' and Children's Overalls that I will close out for less than cost

## SHOES.

We have now got a large and fine line of shoes, and can assure you a genuine fit, for a little money.

## GROCERIES.

Our grocery stock is very large and complete, we are handling the best at the lowest prices. I am now receiving butter and eggs direct from the farmers twice every week, and can suit all in quality as well as in prices. Give us a trial order, and you will surely come again.

Yours Respectfully

**H. PETERSEN,**

The New Store.

# CONNINE & CO.

Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Potatoes, Hay and Feed.

The place to buy Garden Seeds.

BEST GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES.

Try Our Royal Tiger Coffee 20, 25, 30 & 35c.

Comprodur Teas, Palatine Oil Royal Tiger Canned Goods, Spices, and Extracts.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Fruits in Season.

INSPECT OUR GOODS BEFORE YOU BUY.

# Don't Neglect!

Gents—When you want a new Spring Suit, see the new up-to-date styles. The latest designs in home manufactures and the finest imported goods on hand. Also the newest weaves and fabrics for Ladies' High Classed Tailored Suits, on view at

'Mahon's' Tailoring Establishment,

C. Hanson's Building. Second Floor.

# LADIES HAND BAGS.

We have just received a complete line of Ladies Hand Bags, Skirt Bags, Purses, Card Cases, etc. All colors and shapes, including

## WHITE DUCK

for summer use. We cordially invite the Ladies to come in and examine them.

Fournier's Drug Store.

# JUNE BRIDE SALE



# THE HOME

should be a place of contentment and nothing can make it more so, than satisfying

FURNITURE

There is certainly nothing that could be more appropriate, or be appreciated as a

## WEDDING GIFT

than a piece of nice Furniture. "What is home without Furniture?"

Get our booklet on Wedding Etiquette.

Sorenson's Furniture Store.

# The Style is Correct.



CLOTHIER

The Quality is Right.

The Price is Fair.

That and more can be said of our Clothing. One thing we will not do is to buy Clothing that bears the slightest suspicion of unreliability either in material or work. If we make a mistake, our customers will not pay the penalty. In the spring a young Man's fancy lightly turn to thoughts of

# CLOTHES.

If you have not already selected your suit or top coat, you had better come in and see what we have to offer. Nothing can compare with the line we are showing.

## OXFORDS

for men, women and children. Oxfords are strictly "it" for this summer. Come to headquarters, if you would like to see a line that comprises all the latest shapes. Ladies Oxfords \$1.00, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Ladies White Canvas Oxford \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. We are showing a very natty line of W. L. Douglass Oxfords, which will stand your most critical inspection.

Grayling Mercantile Co.,

THE PEOPLES STORE.

# WATCH OUT

for nicely worded guarantee and the so called bargains of the catalogue houses, and compare the prices, grade for grade on watches, silverware, or jewelry with mine, or others, and note where the Bargains are.

A square deal is my policy, a satisfied customer, my best advertisement.

### JUST NOTICE

my up to date stock of high grade watches, Elgin, Waltham, Hampden or Hamilton in any kind of case desired.

A new stock of Silverware just arrived.

A large stock of hand painted china coming.

A complete line of Rings to select from.

A call will convince you.

Optical work and Watch repairing a specialty.

**C. J. HATHAWAY,**

Graduate Optician, Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Drugs.

Patent Medicines.

THE  
**Central Drug Store**  
N. ROLSON  
PROPRIETOR  
"The Best Drugs."

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

Now is the time to use

**DISINFECTANTS,**  
DEODORIZERS AND GERMICIDES.

All kinds kept in stock.

Bring us your Family Receipts. Prescription Work a Specialty.

J. A. MORRISON, Manager.

Candy.

Cigars.



# The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.

GRAYSON, MICHIGAN.

## SMOTHERS IN WHEAT.

### BOY ACCEPTS CHUM'S DARE AND LEAPS TO DEATH.

Game in Grain Elevator Ends in Little Lad Going Down a Shaft, While Father Looks on, Powerless to Save.

Walter Lefsey, 9 years old, accepted a dare from his chum, William Shott, 12 years old, but it brought him death in a frightful form. The boys were playing on the third floor of a grain elevator at Ephrata, Pa., when Shott dared Lefsey to jump into a bin which holds thousands of tons of wheat. The boy jumped, ignorant of the tremendous suction, which slowly drew him down as in a quicksand. The Shott boy, realizing his chum's danger, ran to the first floor, where several men were working among them Alvan Lefsey, the boy's father. He screamed to them to "hurry up." The men succeeded in reaching the boy, but he had been in the wheat, but the suction was so great that they were unable to pull him out. The lad slowly disappeared until he was buried while his father stood by helplessly.

### ON THE DIAMOND FIELD.

Progress of Clubs in Race for Base National League.

CLUB	W.	L.
Chicago	21	15
New York	20	16
Pittsburgh	20	16
Philadelphia	20	16

American League.

CLUB	W.	L.
New York	25	14
Philadelphia	25	14
Cleveland	23	14
St. Louis	22	15

American Association.

CLUB	W.	L.
Toledo	25	14
Columbus	27	10
Milwaukee	21	17
Kansas City	22	14

Western League.

CLUB	W.	L.
Des Moines	21	15
Omaha	17	19
Sioux City	17	19

### Salvatorian's Body Stolen.

Mrs. Myrtle Rogers, head of the Salvation army in Portsmouth, Ohio, succeeding her late husband, Captain H. C. Rogers, received a message from Kinloch, Fairfield, Ohio, advising her that the body of her husband had been stolen from the cemetery. It is believed that Captain Rogers may have been poisoned, and if his body is recovered the stomach will be analyzed.

### Held for Relative's Death.

Charles H. Harker was arrested at Mount Pleasant, Ohio, by Deputy Sheriff Bud Baker and placed in jail pending an investigation into the death of his father-in-law, H. C. Hollingsworth. The latter was found in a stall in his stable and marks on his head indicated that he had been hit with a blunt instrument rather than that he had been killed by the horses.

### Gaylor and Greene Deny.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Miami, Fla., has granted a supersedeas in the case of Messrs. Gaylor and Greene, convicted in Savannah of conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with harbor improvement work. This has the effect of staying the execution of the sentence imposed on them.

### Bloodhounds Trail Bandits.

When employees of the Republic Oil Company in Dayton, Ohio, noted a branch of the Standard Oil Co. building on the other day they found the sides of the building splattered and the safe blown open. Bloodhounds are now at work on the case. The safe contained only \$10 in cash.

### Blown from Vault and May Die.

Augustus Straz, a drug clerk, was hurled from the safety deposit vault in the Reynolds building in Fort Worth, Texas, by an explosion of blinding gas and was burned so badly that he may die.

### Abducting Cashed Taken.

A bondswoman for negroes and automobiles is alleged to have caused the downfall of Arthur M. Reineke, revolving teller of a Milwaukee bank, who was arrested in Portland, Ore., for embezzling \$14,000.

### President Unveils Monument.

President Roosevelt made the Memorial day address to the members of the Army and Navy Union at Portsmouth, Va., and unveiled the monument erected by them in the national cemetery.

### Jury Acquits Italian Girl.

Jacqueline Terranova, was acquitted in New York of the murder of her aunt, in spite of the fact that the judge practically directed a verdict of murder.

### Convicted of Political Murder.

George G. Roberts was condemned to twenty years in prison for killing County Commissioner John V. Kopf in Chicago.

### Not Amenable to Insurance Laws.

Fraternities are not amenable to life insurance laws under a late decision of the Missouri Supreme Court.

### Fifteen Shot in Strike Riot.

At Steubenville, Ohio, in a fight between 400 striking coal miners and forty guards, fifteen of the latter were shot. It is not known how many were killed.

### Army Officer Slain by Sergeant.

Lieut. Ferdinand Williams of the Engineer Corps, United States army, was shot accidentally by a sergeant of his detachment, while at target practice at Fort Madison, opposite the Annapolis naval academy. He died a few hours later. The sergeant was instructing some recruits in the use of revolvers.

### Bertha Krupp Is Engaged.

Miss Bertha Krupp, owner of the gun works at Essen, Germany, and one of the greatest heiresses of the world, is engaged to be married to the secretary of the Prussian legation at the Vatican.

### Passenger Train Runs Freight.

West-bound passenger train No. 17, known as the Buffalo and Pittsburgh express, on the Lake Shore road, ran into the rear end of a freight train at Sandusky, Ohio, resulting in the serious injury of Engineer Wise of the passenger train. Five mail clerks were slightly hurt.

## MICHAEL DAVITT DEAD.

Irish Patriot Passes Away After Stormy Career in Irish Politics.

Michael Davitt, founder of the Irish National League and a well-known figure in British politics for forty years, died in a Dublin hospital a few minutes after 12 o'clock Wednesday morning. At the bedside when he came was his eldest son, Michael, and his two daughters, who had devotedly attended him through his illness, and many of his most intimate friends, including John Dillon. The greatest sympathy has been displayed by all classes of society during Mr. Davitt's illness. Michael Davitt was born March 25, 1840, at Stralade, Mayo, Ireland. When he was 5 years old his parents suffered eviction at the hands of an exacting landlord. The family then went to Lancashire, England, where the boy went to work in a cotton mill where, when 11 years old, he lost his right arm. He then attended school until he was 15, when he resumed work, this time in a printing office. It was in 1860 that he came forward in Irish politics. He joined the revolutionary movement organized by James Stephens. In 1870, in his native county, he started the land league agitation, joining with Charles Stewart Parnell in constructing the Land League. His parliamentary career was spectacular, having been elected to represent several constituencies, among them Mayo. He was disqualified twice; bankruptcy forced his resignation once and as a protest against the Boer war, he left his seat for South Mayo in 1890. "Nine years of Mr. Davitt's life were passed in prison because of his political activities. He was scholarly and made his money by journalism. "Leaves from a Prison Diary" were written in Portland jail.

### BARON-LOVER DEMANDS CASH.

Senator's Widow Paid Nobleman \$100,000 to Wed Daughter.

The story got out the other day that Baron Reid von Reidenau, a member of the Austrian embassy at Rome, who on June 6 will marry Miss Margaret Louise Magee of Pittsburgh, has demanded that he be paid in cold cash for the transfer of his title into the Pittsburgh family, and that he has been paid \$100,000. The sum is being demanded by the nobleman as \$250,000, or one-fourth the amount demanded by the Earl of Yarmouth before he would go on with his wedding to Miss Thaw. The baron, however, was shown quickly that he could obtain nothing like \$250,000, and he at last consented to accept \$100,000. This, at least, is the story which Pittsburghers are discussing, and the baron is being kept carefully out of the way of inquisitive persons by friends of the Magee family. The \$100,000 is said to come almost entirely from Mrs. C. L. Magee, widow of Senator Magee, who for some years has made her home in Rome and who has been very desirous of appearing in the court circle at the Vatican capital. It was Mrs. Magee who made the match after she had hurried the girl away from Pittsburgh, when she had been engaged to Richard Jennings. The story of this deal has chilled the married people of Pittsburgh, who had been led to believe that a real love story had been told.

### STEAMER SINKS; FIVE DROWN.

The Erin Run Down and Cut in Two in St. Clair River.

The steamer Erin was run down and cut in two in the St. Clair river by the steamer Cowie. Five of the Erin's crew, three men and two women, were drowned. The Erin was owned by Thomas Connel of Toledo, Ont., and the Cowie by the United States Transportation Company of Cleveland. The collision occurred during a fog. The Cowie is a modern steel freighter and is not much damaged, while the Erin was a wooden vessel of the old type.

### Western Powder Mill Blows Up.

A terrific explosion occurred at the California powder works three miles north of Santa Cruz, Cal., a short time before the employees quit work for the day. Michael Michaelson was instantly killed and Patrick Ryan was so badly burned that he is expected to die. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

### Week Work of Vandals.

New York Central express train No. 34 eastbound was wrecked near Hoffmans, N. Y., while running at a high rate of speed. No human lives were lost, but nine horses were killed and an express agent was lacerated and bruised. The wreck undoubtedly was caused by the fish plates having been tampered with.

### D. R. Francis Again Warned.

Ex-Gov. David R. Francis of Missouri is still getting letters from the mysterious correspondent who demanded \$7,000 or his life. Notwithstanding the vigilance of Chief of Detectives Desmond and his men and the postal authorities, two other communications have reached the world's fair president.

### High Fee Closes Saloons.

According to computations made by agents of the brewing companies, about 20 per cent of the saloons in Cleveland have closed their doors through inability to pay the \$1,000 tax provided under the recently enacted Alken law. Fully 600 saloons closed Monday, most of them being in the outlying districts of the city.

### Ohio Bridge Concerns Galley.

A jury in the criminal court in Norwalk, Ohio, returned a verdict of guilty against seven bridge companies for restraint of trade. The seven bridge agents indicted for conspiracy against trade were also found guilty. The companies were fined \$300 and costs each, and five agents \$250 and costs each.

### Fire Chief Gets Fired.

Fire Marshal John Campion has been summarily removed from office by Mayor Dunn of Chicago. The trouble originated in a dispute between the chief and the Mayor over the specifications of new fire engines which the city is about to purchase.

### Broker Pays Debt of Honor.

E. B. Hooley of the stock exchange firm of Hooley, Learned & Co., in New York, pleasantly surprised a number of old creditors by sending them checks wiping out in full claims that had been compromised on a 50 per cent basis. In 1903 Mr. Hooley failed for over \$1,000,000.

### Austrian Cabinet Has Resigned.

Premier Prince Conrad von Hohenlohe-Schillingen has resigned because of dissatisfaction with the proposals for the settlement of the common customs tariff of Austria-Hungary.

### Will Grant 1903 State.

Illinois and Indiana mine owners have decided to yield to the United Mine Workers the scale of 1903 in return for concessions by the men, and the end of the strike is in sight. Ohio operators will continue the fight alone.

### Americans Shot Down in Mexico.

Forty-five Americans and many Mexicans were killed in a battle at Cadiz, Mexico, as the result of a mine strike. The city was in the hands of miners, who burned everything inflammable and destroyed property with dynamite.

## SUICIDE AT HIS CLUB.

CONGRESSMAN ADAMS PUTS BULLET THROUGH BRAIN.

Financial Reverses Cause Act of Pennsylvania Member—Scientist Who Has Done Much with X-Ray Dies from Its Effects.

Representative Robert Adams of the Second Congressional District of Pennsylvania died at Emergency hospital in Washington, D. C., as the result of a pistol shot fired through his mouth into his head with suicidal intent. The act was committed between 6 and 7 o'clock Friday at the Chambers of the Metropolitan Club, where Mr. Adams had been for several years. It was not until 8 o'clock, however, that he was found by Horace Clark, one of the negro bellmen, whose habit it was each morning at that hour to carry hot water to the room. Upon opening the door Clark found Mr. Adams, entirely nude, sitting upright in an armchair. He immediately summoned the attaches of the house and a doctor at once was sent for. Mr. Adams then was unconscious and the physician pronounced the wound probably fatal. Mr. Adams was removed to the hospital, where he died. Robert Adams was one of the most popular Representatives in Congress, and he has been identified with many of the world's most important. His position as ranking member of the majority, after the chairman on the House committee on foreign affairs, was owing to the ill health of Mr. Hitt, made it necessary for him to largely direct the business of that important committee, and he was thus brought into contact with President Roosevelt and Secretaries Hay, Root and Taft. His suicide was caused by financial reverses.

### SCIENTIST VICTIM OF X-RAYS.

First American to Take Up Discovery Killed by Its Work.

Dr. Louis A. Weigel, the first American authority on the Roentgen ray, died at his home in Rochester, N. Y., as the direct result of his experimental work in that connection. Dr. Weigel was president of the American Orthopedic Society and president of the Rochester Academy of Medicine. He was among the first to realize the possibilities of the Roentgen ray, and did much experimental work with it. In October, 1904, it became necessary to remove a right hand tumor from his left hand which had become covered with a cancerous growth. A few months later he was again put under the knife and his left chest muscles were removed. Four more operations were performed before he finally succumbed.

### SCHOONER GOES DOWN.

Vessel Sinks in Lake Erie Just Outside Cleveland Breakwater.

Buffeted by the fierce storm that swept Lake Erie Monday the schooner Mabel Wilson sprang a leak and sank just outside the Cleveland breakwater. One sailor was drowned. Seven other members of the crew were rescued after a hard fight, three of them being taken off by the tug Lutz and four by the life-saving crew. The Mabel Wilson arrived off the harbor shortly before daylight and in response to her signals the tug Lutz went out and tried to bring her inside the harbor. Because of the heavy sea the tug was unable to handle the vessel. Capt. Gotham and Mate Gunnison, severely injured, were taken to a hospital. The Mabel Wilson was loaded with ore from Mesabie.

### Record-Breaking Crowds Expected.

Arrangements are complete for the registration for the opening of the Crow agency at Sheridan and Billings, June 14 to 28, and the largest crowds in the history of government openings are expected. The Mayor of Billings has wired General Passenger Agent, Wabash of the Burlington that everything will be done to take care of the registration crowds.

### Three Lost Lives in Flood.

Rain fell in torrents at Heloit, Kan., and west and north of there the other night. At Cowley City, twenty miles west of Heloit, Mrs. Williams, her daughter, 13 years old, and son, 5 years old, were drowned while trying to escape from the house around which the water was rapidly rising.

### Stab in Neck Kills Woman.

Mrs. John Campbell was killed in the Barnes hotel, a theatrical boarding house in Buffalo, N. Y. Her husband is under arrest, charged with murdering her. They had quarreled and the man, it is alleged, slipped a knife into the woman's neck back of the ear when she lay in bed.

### "Lord" Barrington Must Die.

The Missouri Supreme Court on banc affirmed the decision in the case of "Lord" F. Byrmore Barrington, condemned to death for the murder of James P. McCann, and fixed the date of execution for July 20.

### Joplin Savings Bank Closed.

The Joplin (Mo.) Savings bank was closed by State Bank Examiners Wade and Cook under instructions from the Secretary of State. The deposits aggregated \$84,000. Capital, \$10,000. The assets are small.

### Bomb Thrown at Alfonso.

A bomb hurled at King Alfonso and his bride in a Madrid street after the wedding killed sixteen persons and injured many, the lives of the royal couple being saved only by the fact that a wire deflected the missile in its course.

### Retires from Supreme Bench.

Associate Justice Henry B. Brown has retired from the bench of the United States Supreme Court, after serving since 1891. It is understood that he will be succeeded by William H. Taft, at present Secretary of War.

### Rebels Are Driven Back.

Guatemalan revolutionaries who attacked Ocos have been driven back across the Mexican border, but small parties are appearing at various other points along the boundary and threatening the Guatemalan government.

### Detroit Publisher Dies.

James E. Scripps, 71 years old, founder and for many years publisher of the Detroit Evening News, died of myelitis at his home in that city, after a long illness.

### Alfonso and Ena Married.

King Alfonso of Spain and Princess Victoria, formerly Princess Ena, were married at noon Thursday in the church of San Jeronimo in Madrid.

### Duluth War Veteran Stricken.

While dressing to attend memorial services for the A. I. R. in Duluth, Minn., Capt. H. A. Hornum, a Civil War veteran, was stricken and died.

### Agreement Ends Coal Strike.

The Illinois coal strike has been ended by an agreement signed by the joint coal committee at Springfield which is considered a victory for the operators.

## KING ALFONSO WEDS.

MARRIAGE TAKES PLACE MID SCENES OF GREAT POMP.

All Madrid Turns Out to Cheer Young Monarch and Princess Victoria, His Bride, as Pageant Travels Through Streets.

King Alfonso of Spain and Princess Victoria of Battenberg, niece of King Edward, were married at noon Thursday in the church of San Jeronimo, Madrid, in the presence of the leading nobles and grandees of Spain, the representatives of the royal houses of Europe and envoys from the principal governments of the world. The Archbishop of Toledo performed the ceremony.

All Madrid was out early to see the marriage procession from the royal palace to the church through the principal streets of the capital. The state carriage, in which the king rode, was drawn by richly caparisoned horses, and the pageant passed between almost solid lines of troops, back of which the crowds jammed the sidewalks and cheered the royal pair.

The scene at the church was magnificent. The interior was brilliantly lighted and filled with flowers. The gold-laced uniforms of the high officials and

### KING ALFONSO AND HIS BRIDE.



envoys and the gorgeous toilets of the women made a dazzling spectacle. Frederick Wallingford Whitridge, the American envoy, and his staff were among the first to arrive. Mrs. Collier, wife of the American minister, was the only American woman inside the church.

King Alfonso and his bride left the church at 12:30 p. m. The announcement of the wedding by the firing of artillery salutes was wildly acclaimed by the people.

The route of the wedding cortege was designed to give Princess Ena a glimpse of all that is best of Madrid in coming and going to the church, and at the same time to give the people an opportunity to see their new queen. The main route traversed the very heart of the city, beginning at the west at the Plaza de Oriente, facing the royal palace; passing through the Calle del Arenal and the Calle de Alcalá and the Carrera de San Jeronimo. These are among the great arteries of Madrid, broad and lined with fine buildings. Midway in the route is the Puerta del Sol or Gate of the Sun, and further on, that Mecca of all visitors to Madrid, the Prado, now transformed into some of the stateliest government buildings and museums, including the famous Prado gallery.

Practically the same route was traversed on the way back from the church, but there were so many different branches of the pageant—some with the king alone, some with the bride's retinue, others with the queen mother and other branches of the royal household, and the innumerable suites of foreign princes—that all Madrid had an opportunity to see something of the spectacle.

### Wedding Fetes Are Lavish.

The fetes for the king's wedding were prepared on an unusual scale of lavishness. They were divided in three parts, the first including the family fetes celebrated at the royal palace by the members of the royal family; second, the fetes offered to the visiting princes, envoys and high functionaries; and third, the popular fetes organized for the people. These began on the wedding day, lasting a week or more. The royal fetes included banquets, dinners and a grand ball, to which only the representatives of royal houses having family alliances with Spain were bidden. The official fetes to foreign envoys and high functionaries included reception and banquet at the royal palace, military review, gala performance at the Royal Theater, reception and ball at the Hotel de Ville and many other entertainments for the noted guests.

## CURSING THE CORPORATIONS.

How the Railway Rate Bill Supplements Previous Legislation.

The passage of the railway rate bill puts the capstone upon a structure of laws designed to check corporate rapacity. The first of the series of bills with this end in view was the Interstate Commerce law, enacted in 1887. It was at best a feeble measure because it was shorn of its effect in large part by designing men acting in the interest of corporations. The commission was given the power to declare but not the authority to enforce its full decrees. The commission could suggest a rate fixed by a railroad but could not supply another. The commission was flouted openly by the railroads, defied in the courts and its decisions were often upset. Yet all the time it was doing good work for the people and was calling attention to evils that existed and that could be cured by adequate legislation.

The next great enactment in the same line was the Sherman anti-trust law of 1890. For a long time it remained a dead letter, practically, on the statute books. The corporations laughed at it. Gigantic trusts were formed and carried on their operations openly and boldly. The people complained from time to time, but the trusts paid no attention to their mutterings and went on with their big game. Finally, the boldest stroke of all was attempted. The great Northern Securities merger was floated. It had for object the controlling by two or three men of the entire system of railway transportation between the Mississippi river and the Pacific coast from the Canadian border to the Gulf. About that time Attorney General Knox, in the Department of Justice, tumbled over the revised statutes and picked out the Sherman act, under authority of which he went after that merger, hammer and tongs. The Supreme Court upheld his contention and demolished the merger. Since then other trusts have been attacked and to-day half a dozen of the great combinations are on the rack.

The next legislative act in the same direction was the Elkins anti-rate law of 1903. The Elkins act is supposed to have corrected many of the evils of rebating.

### More Religious Tolerance.

Bishop Potter's Experiences Even Among the Fanatical Arabs.

As a result of his observations during his winter wanderings Bishop Potter of New York, now visiting in London, says that he found a marked advance in toleration on the part of the observant of all religions, one to the other.

"After visiting southern Italy," he says, "I spent most of the winter in Egypt, and have since been visiting American congregations scattered throughout Europe.

The feature which most struck me was the mutual good will and fraternal intercourse between American and Anglican congregations, which have been more intimate than they used to be, and are becoming more so.

"The seeds and the hostilities of religions which were to be noted around the world a century ago have been gradually softened. I was most struck with this in Egypt. I traveled on the Nile three years ago, and nothing impressed me more on my recent trip than the changed attitude of the Arabs toward the Christians. The oriental changes more slowly than we, but their attitude is now more tolerant and more kindly. A century ago, when the Christian was to the Mohammedan a Christian devil, the present feeling would have been inconceivable."

### Largest Auxiliary Vessel Here.

The five-masted, bark-rigged German vessel R. C. Rickmers, which is the largest of her kind in the world, has arrived at New York on her maiden voyage from Bremen, Germany. She is 470 feet long, built entirely of steel, and has a gross tonnage of 5,250. With all sails set, her estimated speed is 17 knots. Her auxiliary engines are able to give her a 5-knot gait without the aid of sails.

### Short News Notes.

Very Rev. Patrick J. McFall has been appointed bishop of Porto Rico to succeed Archbishop Blenk.

Samuel Geller, alleged leader of a gang that has poisoned 1,000 horses, was sentenced to a year in prison in New York.

Thomas Allen, a brother-in-law, says William J. Bryan will not accept the United States senatorship from Nebraska.

The American Birth Insurance Company, organized to pay cash benefits upon the birth of living children, went into the hands of a receiver in Boston.

Ruth Cole, daughter of D. N. Cole of Upper Sandusky, Ohio, was kicked over the heart by a baby cot and died while her father was carrying her into the house.

The Mexican government is planning to rid the Gulf States of a band of hostile Indians by running down the Yaquis with bloodhounds and deporting all captives to Yucatan.

Secretary of War Taft and Charles T. Catlin of Brooklyn, N. Y., have been named by graduate electors as candidates to fill the vacancy in the Yale corporation caused by the expiration of the term of Chauncey M. Depew. The election will be held on June 24.

Phonograph Method in Reading. The idea of teaching children to read by means of a phonograph has been given the outst, instead of the old-fashioned alphabet method or the present word system, is advanced by Director De Croy of the Brussels institute of special instruction, according to a translation for the Literary Digest. He argues that we should first give the child a complete idea of the sound of a word or sentence before he attempts to read it. He says that in the course of natural development a child often uses a phrase before the words composing it. Even when the child uses a single word it often has the force of a statement, and it is said that he will decompose words and phrases if his own accord at the proper time.

## BOMBHURLEDATKING

A FRIGHTFUL TRAGEDY MARS WEDDING OF SPANISH RULER.

Bride and Fete Escape Unharm, but Twenty Persons Are Killed and Nearly 100 Wounded—Crime Is Laid to Anarchists.

King Alfonso of Spain and his bride, Queen Victoria, escaped a horrible death from the explosion of an anarchist bomb at the steps of their palace in Madrid Thursday afternoon, on their return from the church where they had just been married.

While their carriage was proceeding slowly between dense lines of cheering, shouting people and while the young king and his bride were smiling and bowing their acknowledgments, a bomb, concealed in a bouquet, was thrown from a balcony of a house.

Twenty killed, 100 wounded. The carriage in which the King and Queen were riding was shattered and the six white horses drawing it were blown to pieces. Twenty persons were killed and one hundred others seriously wounded. Among the injured was the Duke of Sotomayor, the King's equerry, who was riding at the right of the royal carriage.

Three officers and six soldiers guarding the royal coach were killed, and nearly every one in immediate attendance was injured. Even in the agonies of death they were loyal to their trust, and the bleeding and wounded soldiers threw themselves around the wreckage of the carriage. One officer lay dead with his hand at salute.

### Royal Couple Take Another Carriage.

The young King and Queen, however, escaped without even a scratch. The King immediately alighted and assisted his wife to the ground and into another carriage, which drove them hurriedly to the palace.

The Queen was composed, but upon reaching the palace she broke down completely. As she alighted a number of gentlemen pressed forward, but the King waved them back and tenderly supported his weeping wife. An hour later they appeared hand in hand on a balcony of the palace to assure the multitudes that they were uninjured.

During the afternoon King Alfonso went with his bride to the palace chapel, where they offered up lengthy prayers.

The people almost universally execrate the deed and would tear the anarchists to pieces if they could get at them.

Anarchists Commit Suicide? Several men have been arrested for complicity in the outrage. It is not certain that the man who actually threw the bomb is among them. One report declares that he shot himself immediately after the explosion.

Manuel Duran, a Catalonian, is suspected of being the moving spirit in the outrage. May 22 he hired the apartment from which the bomb was thrown. Mateo Moral, another "red," is suspected of complicity, but he escaped. The former is under arrest.

### THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$4.00; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$4.00; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, \$2.50 to \$2.50; corn, No. 2, \$1.00 to \$1.00; oats, standard, \$2.00 to \$2.00; rye, No. 2, \$2.00 to \$2.00; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$8.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$6.00; butter, choice creamery, 16c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 15c; potatoes, new, \$1.20 to \$1.20.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$4.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$2.









A cow that is a hearty eater is usually a profitable producer, providing she is liberally fed.

The kind of feeding that keeps a lot of pigs or stockers from three to six months without gain is a total loss of feed.

Because a hog is a hog is no reason why he should live all the time in a mud. He will be about the cleanest animal on the farm if you will let him.

The object to be gained in raising chickens for early market is to have them weigh from one and a half to two pounds in the shortest time possible.

The stunted pigs will make fine, fat porkers for the meat barrel next winter if singled out and penned by themselves where you can give them extra attention.

Sheep management involves the recognition of a number of details, each one of which may in itself be comparatively trivial, but the performance or neglect of which constitutes the difference between a flock successfully and disastrously managed.

It does not require a very wise man to see why seed corn bought in the ear is a good plan. The chances to go wrong are not so apparent. There is a chance to discard any ear that does not fill the bin. One can also study the type of ears.

A man never ceases to hate himself when he has permitted his policy to expire only to lose a dwelling or a barn in a few days afterward. Insurance agents usually keep up on expirations, but sometimes they fail and as a rule it is in such instances where there is a loss.

Nothing helps out the social life on the farm as much as a country church. It causes a closer tie than mere neighborhood. Then there comes all sorts of social gatherings as a result of the church relations. Anniversaries, birth days and other occasions call for people to come together to enjoy themselves.

Under no circumstances should a miscellaneous lot of hens and cocks or cockerels run together if the eggs are to be used for hatching. Such mixtures are at the bottom of the trouble in laying as a rule. The 150 or 200-egg-a-year hens are not from eggs laid by pullets or hens that have run with a mixed lot of males; but are the product of intelligent mating along the lines specified.

**System in Breeding.**  
It is a remarkable fact that, although we have in this country the best breeds of cattle to be found in any portion of the globe, yet the majority of farmers have no system of breeding, and use cows in the dairy that give only one-third the quantity of milk and butter that could be derived from an animal of the well-known milking and butter breeds.

**Salt on Asparagus.**  
Increased yields of asparagus are secured at the Arkansas Experiment Station by applying common salt at the rate of 1,000 pounds to the acre. Salted areas produce 13½ per cent more than the unsalted. Salt was applied the preceding summer and the following season salt was again put on at the rate of two pounds per square yard, applied in two equal applications at intervals of twenty days.

**Working Colts.**  
Do not wait until the plowing season begins in order to work your colts. Their shoulders should be hardened by moderate use before they are compelled to bear against the collar from morning until night, as plowing naturally necessitates. It must be recollected that in plowing, dragging, etc., there is nothing to ease the shoulders, as is the case on the road, where it is up and down hill. It is steady pulling all the time.

**Horse Values Up Again.**  
The whiffle of time has brought horse values to high tide again. They are no longer killed for their hides, as reported from the extensive horse-breeding ranches on the Western plains. Neither is the buyer at a public sale of horses who bids off "lot"—informed that several more head goes with the animal led out. The buyers are making dates for taking in horses, and urging farmers to bring whatever they have to sell in this line. Blameworthy that a few years ago would have depreciated the value greatly are passed by with slight remarks and values are higher than ever before. It would seem as if the horse had come to his own again with an era of prosperity at hand. The sad feature of the whole thing is the unpreparedness of farmers generally to benefit by existing conditions. The temptation to sell a proven, or promising, brood mare is too great for most to withstand. And thus it happens that the normal improvement which should follow the continued use of good sires is not attained; so that considerable loss is the result.

**Free Rural Delivery.**  
The free distribution of mail to country districts costs a good deal of money, but the postal employees should not lay the blame for postal deficiency on the farmer. Residents of cities have had free delivery at the expense of the whole country for a great many years but because it is comparatively new in the country districts the howl about expense is being overworked. At

the present time the farmer gets one delivery while the city man gets from two to seven or eight per day. Still certain well paid officials would have us believe that the farmer is to blame for the deficiency.—Farm and Fireside.

**Fodder Corn for Horses.**  
Fodder corn, grown so thickly as to permit of only small nibbles forming and cured in the shock into a bright, dust-free forage, is one of the best articles available for roughage in horse feeding. The stalk and husk may be left uncut, but the leaves are eaten with relish when offered to horses under any conditions. For stallions, broodmares, idle horses and growing colts, corn fodder or stover of good quality will be found an economical substitute for timothy hay.

**Experimental Station Ewes.**  
It is reported from the Ames (Ia.) Experiment Station farm that they have raised forty-three lambs from twenty-five ewes. At this rate the flock would soon double itself in the hands of experienced breeders, says the Farm and Fireside. Some years ago the late "Uncle Willie" Watson, while at Burlington, Nels., managing the herds and flocks of T. W. Harvey, raised thirty-six lambs from eighteen South-down ewes. It must be remembered that these ewes were of an especially productive breed, possibly selected for the flock because of their having previously produced twins or were themselves twins.

**Climate and Crops.**  
The climate has much to do with the quality of the product. Years ago it was noticed that wheat from France, when cultivated in Canada, had to be re-milled before it gave satisfactory results. Climate has also an important influence on the proportion of gluten and starch in wheat, the wheat grown in a warm climate containing more gluten, proportionately, which is equivalent to a large amount of nitrogen. Wheat contains the largest amount of gluten in proportion when it is ripe. In an experiment made with a variety it was found that when wheat was cut eighteen days before it was ripe it contained only 6 per cent of gluten, but when fully ripe it contained 12 per cent; but, as gluten is not quite as white as starch, it will follow that when wheat is cut a little before it is dead ripe it will make a whiter flour than when it is cut at a later period, but it will be less nutritious and less in quantity. These conditions are, however, subject to the variety of wheat and the climate and soil.

**Use the Egg Tester.**  
If one is having the first experience with an incubator, he had best get an egg tester with the machine and use it strictly in accordance with directions. If no tester is had, make one or use the hand. The way to test the fertility of an egg is to take it into a dark room, when it is fairly warm, so that the egg will not become chilled; have a lamp or candle in the room and also a perfectly fresh egg. The egg to be tested should have been in the incubator or under the hen for seven or eight days. Now take the fresh egg in the hand or between the thumb and finger, encircling it, and hold it between the eyes and the light. It will appear to be almost transparent; more so if it is a white shell egg than if a dark one. Look at it closely and it will be the same all through. Now take the egg that has been in the process of incubation for seven or eight days and look at it closely in the same way. If it is fertile you will observe a dark spot floating around in the otherwise almost transparent matter; this is the germ which is in the process of growth. A little practice will enable any one to test eggs for fertility readily and accurately.—Exchange.

**Avoid Cheap Fertilizers.**  
It is hard for the man who has depended upon stable manures for years to pay what seems to him the very high prices asked for commercial fertilizers, and, perhaps, it is quite natural for him to buy the cheaper grades, thinking to save something on the transaction. This is a serious mistake, and one he must pay for by a reduced crop, so that in the end his cheap fertilizer has been more expensive than if he had bought the highest-price article on the market. If one is not acquainted with the needs of his crop or rather of his soil it is a safe plan to buy the "complete" fertilizers which are planned on the basis of furnishing the average amount of each of the three essential plant foods required by most crops.

If one understands that his soil requires an application of potash in excess of nitrogen and phosphoric acid, let him buy a fertilizer so manufactured, but in all cases buy a reliable manufacturer and pay his price. It is a good rule that the price of fertilizer should not be more than the price of the stuff is worth, but remember that the same argument holds good with the cheaper fertilizer, and even more so because the necessary bulk must be made up of "filler," so-called, which is usually of some material having little commercial value and less fertilizing value.

Some years ago a wealthy city man, who owns a farm near the writer, asked him to demonstrate this idea at his expense, and he furnished the money for a ton of fertilizer for each of four acres, the fertilizer ranging from \$22 to \$45 a ton. The same crop was raised on each acre, and the results demonstrated for him, as they will for any one, the fallacy of buying cheap fertilizers.

## Michigan State News

FOREST FIRE LOSS \$250,000.

Earlier Reports Sent Out from Burned District Exaggerated.

By a complete survey of all of the upper peninsula territory in which forest fires raged it has been learned that the principal loss was centered in Delta county. Reports from different districts show that early estimates were exaggerated and the total loss to the lumber companies in equipment, timber, buildings in villages and homes of settlers will not exceed \$250,000. That estimate of losses does not include damage to standing timber through which the fire swept and which cannot be estimated. From reports from Delta county it was learned that 310 houses were destroyed, leaving homeless over 500 people. Following are the estimates of losses in different counties: Delta county, \$100,000; Marquette county, \$35,000; Menominee county, \$25,000; Dickinson county, exclusive of Village of Quinnesec, \$50,000; Alger county, \$25,000.

57 EARTHQUAKES AT HOUGHTON

Terror Prevails in Copper Country and Mines Are Closed.

The most severe earthquake ever experienced in this region occurred at the Atlantic mine in Houghton. There were fifty-seven seismic shocks. Buildings rocked like cradles and in several places there are cracks in the earth from two to six inches in width. The shocks were very distinct in Houghton and Hancock, but did no damage. The Atlantic mine shut down two weeks ago as the result of these disturbances. Indications of caving in are now nearer the surface, as the shocks are more distinct. The greatest alarm prevails, and more miners and families are preparing to leave for other points in the copper country. It is believed locally that the Atlantic will never be opened, as it would take a year to clear the shaft and drifts of fallen rock.

QUARREL OVER A WOMAN.

Two Men Badly Cut and One Nearly Dies.

About 1 o'clock on a recent morning three young men became involved in a quarrel over a woman in Delia and Jackson streets. The quarrel resulted in the death of a young man, who was killed by a gunshot wound. The other two men were badly injured. The case is being handled by the local authorities.

VICTIM OF MISFORTUNE.

Young Family and Business, Muskegon Man Dies Alone.

Misfortune, by a succession of cruel blows, has driven Daniel Finlayson, a pauper's grave. Friendless and alone, he died in a cell at the Muskegon police station. Once at the head of a happy home, he was one of the most prominent citizens of Muskegon. During the lumber days he was widely known. In 1901, in the short space of one year, his wife and six children were all taken from him by death. The following year his business was destroyed by fire. Finlayson never recovered from these blows. To do him justice, he would indulge in intoxicants. All his former friends abandoned him. Wrecked financially, physically and mentally, his end came as a result of alcoholism.

RESERVOIR AT ROCHESTER.

Contract Let for One to Hold 2,000,000 Gallons.

Heitch Brothers of Pontiac have been awarded the contract at \$100,000 for building a 2,000,000-gallon reservoir for the water works of the village of Rochester. The reservoir will stand in the side of the Fox hill, which is full of springs, and will be 120 feet above the level of the main street of the village. The springs produce enough water to supply several villages of Rochester's size and will be piped directly through the bottom of the reservoir. The expense of operating the plant is practically nothing. The new reservoir is to be completed this fall.

FATALLY HURT ON DIAMOND.

Normal Student at Kalamazoo Struck by Thrown Ball.

Leon Dent of Williams was struck on the right temple with a ball and fatally injured. Dent is a senior at the Normal in Kalamazoo and captain of the baseball team. He had gone to Augusta for a game with the high school of that place and while the players were practicing before the contest a ball thrown from the outfield struck him in the head as if it had and has not since regained consciousness.

Catches Two "Whoppers."

The distinction of taking the biggest fish from waters of the north country this season has fallen to Homer Williams of Menominee. This prize catch consisted of two sturgeon, one of which weighed 140 pounds and the other 162 pounds. They were caught in his net in Green bay. There was a time when sturgeon were caught by the boatmen and piled up on the shore like cordwood.

Miner Falls 100 Feet to Death.

Frederick Carlson, a miner, aged 23, fell 100 feet down a shaft at the Clinton mine in Iron Mountain and was instantly killed.

Medal for Young Hero.

If friends of Willie Stillwell of Bel-voir have their way that lad will be one of the next beneficiaries of the Carnegie hero fund. Young Stillwell rescued a life from drowning recently, putting his own life in jeopardy to save that of the girl.

National Guard to Camp.

The State military board has decided to send the entire Michigan National Guard to the joint encampment of the regular army and militia at Indianapolis for nine days from and including Aug. 5. The War Department appropriates \$100,000, which will just pay the cost of transportation.

White Must Pay Girl \$1,000.

The jury in the Circuit Court in Ann Arbor brought in a verdict of \$1,000 in favor of May Millen against William J. White, the chewing gum magnate of Cleveland. She won \$20,000 damages for an assault and battery.

## GAYLORD SCORCHED.

Biggest Fire in History of Village—Loss is Nearly \$5,000.

The biggest fire in the history of Gaylord broke out shortly after midnight the other night and completely wiped out the best business block of the town. The damage will reach nearly \$5,000. It was only partly insured. The fire originated from a stove in the drug and grocery store of H. J. Qua, a frame building, and almost before the department could get to the scene the next two buildings occupied by Carr's meat market, and Cook Bros' dry goods store, were a mass of flames. J. M. Brodie's genteel furnishings, a brick structure, was next to go. The flames then leaped to the roof of the opera house and burned rapidly downward, completely wiping it out, together with the Gaylord State Savings bank on the corner. George F. Qua's dry goods and furnishings, adjoining, and the grocery store of S. E. Qua & Son, to the west. The Masonic lodge rooms on the third floor of the opera house were also destroyed. The losses: H. J. Qua, \$2,000; Carr, \$1,500; Cook Bros., \$15,000; J. M. Brodie, \$15,000; George F. Qua, \$15,000; S. E. Qua, \$15,000; Gaylord State Savings bank, \$2,000; Masonic lodge, \$2,000. The entire loss is covered by about \$31,500 insurance, pretty well equally divided among the victims.

CASHIER HANGS HIMSELF.

Act of Battle Creek Man Laid to Ill Health, as Accounts Are Straight.

Driven to despair by long-continued ill health and the loss of fortune, Frank J. Broughton, cashier of the Old National bank, committed suicide by hanging himself in the bathroom of his residence in Battle Creek. The bank officials declare his accounts are all straight, and that the suicide is due to nervous prostration. Mr. Broughton has been suffering from a stomach trouble for some time. He made a trip of several weeks to North Carolina, where he was vacationing, but did not get better. The bank officials voted to give him a summer vacation of three months in Europe, as he had not been benefited. Broughton formerly was the owner of large sawmill interests at Chase, where he was widely known in lumber circles. He made a snug fortune, but lost it. This loss made him melancholy. Broughton was 46 years old, and leaves a son and daughter.

CRUSHED BY LAST TIMBER.

Body of Large Man Compressed to Width of Only Four Inches.

Although Warren E. Roberts is a man weighing 200 pounds, his body was compressed to less than four inches in thickness by a shocking accident, from which he is feared he will not recover. In the work of tearing down a large barn all but the last timber had been razed. The ropes gave way on this stick, which was twenty feet long and ten inches square. It fell with crushing force, striking Mr. Roberts on the back and hurling him to the ground. His spine was badly injured. Roberts is the owner of a contracting firm of Martin. He has a wife and four children.

HANGING FROM SADDLE.

Two Girls Rescued After Heads Had Been Beaten Against Ground.

Jumping from the saddle, their feet entangled in the stirrups and their heads striking the ground, Miss Mary Winter, a girl companion narrowly escaped death. They were horseback riding, tandem, and while crossing the railroad track at Sears some boys frightened their horse, which began kicking. To the fact that the animal did not run they owe their lives. Help was at hand and the girls were released after their heads had been pounded several times against the ground, which fortunately was soft.

TEARS OFF WOMAN'S CLOTHES.

Vexatious Man Saves Life of Daughter Who Was Burning.

Mrs. John Nason narrowly escaped burning to death while at the home of her father, H. L. Nason, in Vexatious, Mrs. Nason picked up a lighted lamp which was in a chicken brooder and spilled the oil over her clothes. The oil ignited from the lamp. Cries of the young woman attracted her father, who tore off his burning clothing, saving his daughter's life. The burns are quite serious, but probably will not prove fatal.

Steamer Runs on Reef.

The steel steamer Francis of the Gilchrist fleet ran on a reef near Eagle river during a fog, and was badly damaged.

Within Our Borders.

Epidemic measles at Lapeer. St. Johns has umbrella lively. "Matrimonial whist" quite the fad at Alpena.

Pratt school near Clare struck by lightning and destroyed. Fight already on in Isabella and Clare counties for local option.

Lightning struck station at Brooklyn, completely demolishing it.

Mass meeting held at Pellston to put up light against "blind pigs."

Standards are set by dynamite that farmer was using to blow up stumps.

Nine-year-old Port Huron boy victim of diarrhoea, will be sent to reform school.

Two Grand Rapids students expelled from Andover academy for ducking janitor.

Lewis C. Kelley, champion sheep shaver of Eaton county, clipped 3,721 sheep in 50 days.

Albigan has secured a storage battery factory. The new battery will be built one mile south of Albigan.

Carsonville boy lost two fingers by companion cutting them with ax while taking fire from his house.

Midland is raising a fund to secure new industrial building of thousands of dollars has already been pledged.

While plowing Ouedet farmer pulled watch from pocket and also \$47 in bills, which, unnoticed, he placed under.

George Boggs of Bergham slipped from his wagon and the wheel passed over his head, crushing his skull and killing him.

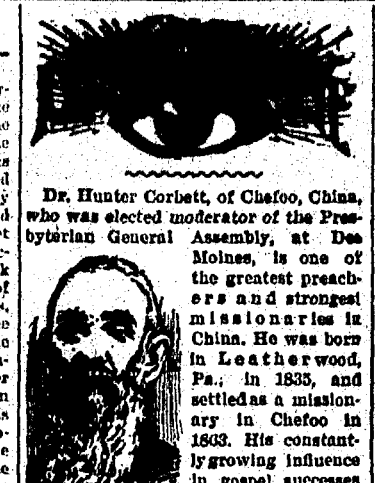
Saying he wanted to clean his shotgun, John M. Aldrich, a police officer in Adrian, secured the weapon and, with a shell which he found in a box of tags given him, killed himself.

Edward Gruber, a jeweler at Newberry, was near accidentally shot on May 13 by Elizabeth Hall, his betrothed, while they were hunting, is dead.

Gray Vermont granite, the first granite ever set in Grand Rapids, is being used for the first story walls of the new Grand Rapids city hall.

The new mill at Carsonville is to be converted into an oat meal factory by the Michigan Cereal Co. It will furnish employment for several men.

Leonard Markus, 19 years old, fell down on the street in Grand Rapids. The man had been suffering from diphtheria and was out of the hospital but two weeks.

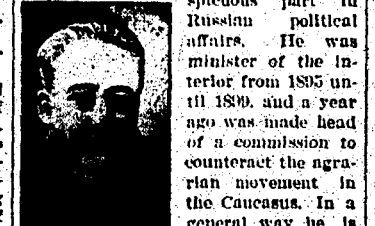


Dr. Hunter Corbett, of Chefoo, China, who was elected moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly, at Des Moines, is one of the greatest preachers and strongest missionaries in China. He was born in Leatherwood, Pa., in 1835, and settled as a missionary in Chefoo in 1863. His constant growing influence in gospel successes in that province spread throughout the whole of the great province of Shantung. He is the most indefatigable traveler and the greatest evangelistic preacher among the Presbyterian missionaries in the Middle Kingdom. The prominent feature of his long career is his great faith in the usefulness of native preachers, of whom there are now between forty and fifty attached to the Chefoo station. When Dr. Corbett persuaded his Wichita church that it should have a foreign pastor, the board assigned Dr. Corbett to the church's support, and the appeal which the personality of the man made to the Wichita people helped greatly in increasing the gifts of the congregation, which now maintains not only Dr. Corbett but many of his native helpers. Though now well past the age of 70, the stalwart missionary speaks, as he works, with a young man's intensity.

George E. McNeill, who died in Boston after undergoing an operation, was widely known as a lecturer and writer on economic subjects. He was popularly known as the "father of the eight-hour work day movement." The part he took in advocating the eight-hour work day, Mr. McNeill was born in Amesbury, Mass., in 1836. As a boy he worked in the wool.

in mills and later learned the shoe-making trade. Fifty years ago he was an active advocate of the shorter work day, and with Ira Steward, had much to do with the establishment of the ten-hour law in Massachusetts. With the support and co-operation of Wendell Phillips and Governor Claflin he was instrumental in founding the Massachusetts bureau of labor statistics, the first body of its kind to be created in this country. In 1883 he joined the Knights of Labor, but later severed his connection with that organization because he did not approve of its policy of mixed assemblies. In 1890 he was elected fraternal delegate from the American Federation of Labor to the British Trades Union Congress.

Privy Councilor Goremykin, who succeeds Count Witte as Russian premier, for some years has taken a conspicuous part in Russian political affairs. He was minister of the interior from 1895 until 1899, and a year ago was made head of a commission to counteract the agrarian movement in the Caucasus. In a general way he is considered to be a reactionary and incompetent to deal with the present crisis, but his administration has not been marked with any undue harshness. Count Witte has won a name in history for his negotiation last year of the peace treaty with Japan at Portsmouth, N. H. He is 57 years old, and has had official connection with the Russian government since 1877. He has been at the head of the railway and finance departments, and from August, 1903, until the establishment of a "responsible ministry" was president of the committee of ministers. He was born in 1840, of German origin.



M. Lepine, prefect of the Paris police, and on whom fell the biggest portion of the burden of maintaining order during the recent disturbances, has been in the police service of the French capital since 1888 and has been prefect since 1891. His fitness for the office, with its multitudinous duties, is shown by his reappointment to the office by the various presidents elected since he first became prefect. He has 15,000 men under him, reinforced by foot and mounted troops of the republican guard.

A monument is being designed in Richmond, Va., to be dedicated to the memory of Edgar Allan Poe.

Vice Admiral Doubaassoff, governor general of Moscow, who narrowly escaped death when a bomb was thrown at his carriage, wounding him, is hated by the people of Russia for the stern measures with which he put down the outbreaks in the capital of the Czar.

He is charged with having armed the Black Hundreds, and his troops are said to have aided these thugs in their work of slaughter. Doubaassoff is a representative of the aristocratic reactionaries, and is a strong opponent of the reform movement which has swept over Russia. Little is known of his naval exploits or of the achievements through which he was advanced. He is 55 years old.

Best She Could Do.

Husband—What, \$25 for that bonnet? Wife—Yes, I ridiculous!

Wife—Yes, I ridiculous! It isn't anything to boast of, but you said you couldn't afford an expensive bonnet this spring.

Cause for Action.

Brown—Newspaper is suing his wife for divorce.

Green—Because why?

Brown—Because she named the baby for her first husband.

A Care.

Mrs. Knicker—What do you do when your husband tells you of the big fish that got away?

Mrs. Bocker—I tell him of the paragon I might have married.—New York Sun.

Retort Counters.

"This bread," remarked young Weidely at the breakfast table, "is nothing like the bread my mother made."

"And you," calmly rejoined Mrs. Weidely, "are nothing like the man my father was."

## Sunday School LESSON FOR JUNE 10.

Peter's Great Confession.—Matt. 10: 13-28.

Golden Text.—Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God.—Matt. 10: 16. It was undoubtedly through faith that Jesus Himself had been able to grasp the truth that He was the Christ. And it is quite possible that there were times, especially at the beginning of His ministry, when he was tempted to doubt it. One at least of the three temptations in the wilderness may have been especially designed to shake His faith in His peculiar relationship to God. And though He never wavered from belief, temptation to discouragement and doubt may have come to Him upon other occasions.

As we saw when studying a previous lesson, our Lord's question concerning Himself and Peter's confession came at a time when there was special cause for feeling discouraged. It was just after that "hard saying" of Christ's which drove many of His followers away. And Jesus had just turned to the twelve and asked, "Will ye also go away?" This question was an appeal to their loyalty, or rather He had said, "Please do not you also leave Me."

We must think of this incident quite as much with regard to its effect upon Jesus as with regard to Peter. It may well be that God revealed the truth concerning Jesus to Peter not only for Peter's own sake and that of the other disciples, but also, and perhaps even more, as an encouragement to Jesus Himself at a very trying time.

Notes.—Caesarea Philippi: A town near the head waters of the Jordan at the foot of Mount Hermon.

The Question.—People would be more likely to talk to the disciples about Jesus than to express their thoughts about Him to Himself. So Jesus put His question partly, no doubt, for the sake of gaining information. But it was also designed to lead up to the one that followed it. The opinion of the crowd.—At any period of the world's history there are but a few men who have the spirit of prophecy sufficiently to detect the real trend of events or the greatness of some of the men then living. The opinion of the crowd merely represents a stage of knowledge attained and has no worth concerning the great actors in these events.

Peter's Belief.—If Jesus had spoken of Himself as the Son of God, and of God as His Father, and had made Himself equal with God, He evidently had not expected His disciples to perceive the meaning of that truth for themselves and make it a part of their vital belief all at once. But now, at last, one of them could from his heart say that he believed that Jesus was the Christ, the Son of God.

This confession of Peter's marked an epoch. It may in a sense be said to have been the beginning of the Christian church, and Peter was its first member. The other disciples believed to some extent, but evidently they could not have made quite so decided a confession. They knew Jesus as a man, and had learned to love and trust Him as a wise teacher, but had hardly come to recognize His divinity. Indeed, it is evident that even Peter had not grasped the full meaning of his own words.

The Source of Revelation.—Flesh and blood was not the source of the conviction that had come into Peter's soul. He had not even learned it from Jesus. It was a revelation from God. And that is the way we must all be convinced of the things of God.

The Rock.—One truth is not exclusive of another. And if it was to be a rock upon which the church was to be built, that does not prevent others also from being rocks in the same edifice. And if Peter was to have power to bind and loose that does not prevent others having the same power, whatever that power was.

The Gates of Hades.—This may be taken to mean "the city of the dead" or simply death. No power can prevail against Christ the Son of God, or against His church, while it is faithful to Him; not even death.

Binding and Loosing.—There is room for a good deal of uncertainty as to just what Christ meant by this. But this much seems evident, and is important to notice, that Jesus wished to impress upon the apostles the immense responsibility that rested upon them as repositories of this great knowledge.

Tell No Man.—It was a thing there was no need to tell. Those spiritually fitted to perceive it would have it impressed upon them by God as was the case with Peter. Christ does not wish disciples who subscribe to a form of belief merely because they have been taught it.

Peter's Faithfulness.—Light on top of the great revelation that had been made to Peter and of the commitment which he had received from Jesus comes this record of his utter failure to perceive the full significance of that revelation. Instead of being humbled by the thought that he was in the presence of the Christ the Son of God, he seems to have been exalted in his own thoughts as the man who above all others had been thought worthy to receive this revelation. He even thought himself wise enough to correct his Master. And so he needed a very severe reproof to put him in his right place.

Far from being infallible, Peter stands out among the apostles as the one who because of his impulsiveness was particularly liable to make great mistakes and even to commit great sins.

And we must not think only of Peter but of Jesus. Here was Satan tempting Jesus to seek some way of escape from the suffering that must needs be. And Satan spoke most effectively through the very man whom Jesus had but now commended so highly.

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## THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



# Buy the Harrison Wagon.

## The Best on Wheels.

### For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.

**Beating the Loan Sharks.**  
Here is goodness and beauty combined. Says the Washington Post: A pastor at Cleveland has devised a plan of loaning money, under terms of strictest secrecy, to members of his congregation in order to keep them out of the clutches of the loan sharks, and will charge no interest. That man is going to make himself mighty popular if he succeeds in showing that loans and salvation should both be free.

**Weakness of Two Great Men.**  
Peter the Great could scarcely be persuaded to cross a bridge, and whenever he placed his foot on one he would cry out with fear. Like the great man he was, he tried to overcome his weakness, but he was never able to do so. And Byron would never help anyone to salt at table, nor would he be helped himself, and if any salt were spilled he would immediately get up and leave.

**To Whom It May Concern.**  
This is to certify that my wife, Elizabeth (formerly the Widow Wild), is too wild to be steered by my compass, but one of her own making, and as she has the devil for her pilot she has altered her course and steered away from me, so that I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.—Richard Jenkins.—Clyde (N. Y.) Times.

**College Girls and Frankfurters.**  
The college girls are a lover of that peculiar delicacy, frankfurter sausages. One of her favorite methods of consuming them is to boil them in her chafing dish and serve them up as the piece de resistance with olives and creamed potatoes. Another way is to broil them on bapkins over the gas.

**How Blacks Dance.**  
Queensland Government Aboriginal Settlement, on Fraser's Island, holds a weekly dance for the blacks. Among the bundles of old clothes sent to the settlement there are often ball gowns, so the girls sport décollete dresses. Neither sex wears boots. Both sexes have to dance separately.—Bulletin, Sydney.

**Would Not Stay Glued.**  
A Dresden correspondent says that the servant of a carpenter at Freyburg, in Bavaria, happened to cut off the end of her forefinger the other day. Her employer quickly brought his gluepot up and glued the finger together again. However, the operation was not successful.

**To Meditate Upon.**  
Under modern conditions many people suffer from a chronic state of ill health and minor ailments which, if we could trace them back to their causes, might be found to be the results of adulterated foods and sophisticated wearing apparel.—The Lancet.

**Engineers Protect Village.**  
The Swiss federal engineers, it is said, have succeeded with great difficulty in arresting the movement of two miles of debris, which threatened to destroy the villages of Gruyere and Chamoson, situated in the canton of Valais.

**No Chance for the Frivolous.**  
Old Tom Corwin, as he was familiarly known, governor of Ohio, United States senator and secretary of the treasury in Fillmore's cabinet, used to say: "Be solemn—all the monuments are raised to solemn asses."

**Raft Spider.**  
The raft spider gets the name from its habit of building a raft of dry leaves and other light materials, fastened together firmly by threads of silk, in order to pursue its prey in the water.

**Hunt in Storm.**  
Followers of the hounds in Leicestershire, England, had the unusual experience recently of hunting in a heavy snowstorm to the accompaniment of thunder and lightning.

**Two Kinds of Flying Fishes.**  
Flying fishes of two distinct kinds are known to man—namely, the flying gurnards and the flying herrings, the latter being what may be called the typical flying fishes.

**Favorite Scotch Wedding Day.**  
The favorite wedding day in Scotland is Dec. 31, so that the young couple can leave their old life with the old year, and begin their married life with a new one.

**Nearly Even on Kraits.**  
An English journal notes the curious even sex distribution of meerkats in twenty years at Aberdeen. There were 20,287 males and 20,087 females.

**Not Fools Anyway.**  
"Fools and women pushing baby carriages," remarked the Boorish Bachelor, "will rush where angels fear to tread."—Chicago American.

**Education in Belgium.**  
Statistics show that 140,000 children in Belgium—more than 12 per cent of the population—are without any education.

**Records All Lost.**  
There are no records from which one can ascertain dates of the origin of drinks.

#### BAR PLACED ON SPECULATION.

**Necessities of Life Under Protection in France.**  
What is popularly known in the United States as "cornering" such commercial commodities as are termed necessities of life is a criminal offence in France, and has been since 1793, with varying forms of penalties.

The law applies to all who destroy or permit to perish any merchandise of prime necessity, whether it is the property of the offender or not. Among the articles thus protected are grain, bread, meat, wine, vegetables, fruit, butter, coal, wood and others, but not tobacco, as that is a government monopoly.

The law also prohibits manipulations tending to bring about an advance or fall in price not warranted by supply and demand.

The punishment is by both fine and imprisonment, and the offender has his factory or business establishment placed under police supervision at his own expense for from two to five years.

There is no more trouble in handling corporations that are offenders than individuals. Every director and employee in a managerial capacity are held equally responsible. For a second offense the penalty is so severe that it would result in the extermination of almost any establishment.

#### KEPT PROMISE TO THE LETTER.

**But New Yorker Was Not Entirely Barred From Whisky.**

A portly man walked into a Glided Gehenna on Broadway the other night and requested the barkeeper to pour him out a drink of Scotch. The portly man kept his thumbs thrust into the armholes of his waistcoat. The barkeeper poured out the whisky and showed the glass across the bar.

"Thanks," said the portly man. "Now would you mind holding the glass up to my mouth while I drink it?"

"With a wondering stare the barkeeper held up the glass and the round customer drank the whisky with a sigh of satisfaction.

A man who had watched the proceedings with interest touched him on the shoulder. "Pardon me, sir," he said, "if I seem to be unduly inquisitive, but you seem to be possessed of two good hands. Would you mind tell me why you could not lift that glass yourself?"

"Oh, that's all right," replied the gentleman of the robust build with a mellow rumble. "You see I promised my wife that never again would I raise a glass of whisky to my lips! Promises to a wife are sacred, you know."—New York Press.

#### Poor Specimen of Economy.

There is a political parable in the story that comes from Houlton, Me., where an employer discharged his licensed and expensive engineer and hired a man at \$1 a day to run the boiler. The new employee failed to appreciate the necessity of keeping up the water level in the boiler and presently observed that the boiler was getting red hot. He accordingly turned in a large, sudden quantity of cold water. The next thing he noticed was that the boiler was "making a funny noise," so he climbed up on top of it to investigate the safety valve. He went some higher than he meant to do, but alighted practically unharmed and when rebuked for his share in the explosion asked indignantly: "What do you expect for a dollar a day?"—Boston Globe.

#### Fat and Lean Men.

Modern scientific investigation in a medical way now declares that the plump man is not necessarily the "healthiest" or the best able to resist disease. The lean man not only enjoys greater resistance to weakness and debility, but he is stronger in the performance of a given task. In other words, a large fat deposit in the general tissue is no evidence of good general nutrition. The rich and girlish beauty of the plump man, sometimes called Fatty, may delight the eye, but when it comes to walking down town in the morning or running four blocks to a fire Fatty blows out a fuse and is sent to the repair shop, while the lean brother is merely put into condition for the day by this little burst of exercise.—Minneapolis Journal.

#### Dev an Essential to Plants.

"The difficulty of inducing grass to flourish under a tree in full leaf is well known and is generally explained by saying that the tree absorbs the nourishing constituents of the soil or that it keeps the sunlight away from the grass and protects it from the rain. It is doubtful whether any of these explanations are true, the real reason most probably being that the vitalizing dew cannot form upon the grass under a tree, whereas as a rule both rain and light can reach it. Dew is probably essential to the well-being of both plants and animals to a greater extent than is known.

#### Antelope Like the Open.

The antelope lives always in open country, unlike members of the deer family, which invariably prefer a thick, dense forest. They cannot be driven into timber cover or thickets of brush, but will literally turn about and run over a prairie, if necessary, rather than be forced into cover. If they are ever obliged to pass by or through such places for food and water they take a great deal of time to do so, as if they were determined to see everything that could be seen on route.—Century.

#### Crime Still Vexes Us.

A French writer, illustrating the advantages of a representative system of government, says: "Such is the respect of the English for their parliament that, when it is sitting, crimes are exceedingly rare, but as soon as it rises the papers are filled with accounts of the most horrible atrocities." He did not know that when parliament was sitting, the newspapers had no room for much of anything but its reports.

#### Mr. Gladstone's Cigarette.

"I never knew him to smoke but once, and that on the occasion of the prince of Wales dining with him in Downing street," says Sir Algernon West of Mr. Gladstone in an article in the Cornhill Magazine. "With an old-fashioned courtliness, wishing to place his royal guest at his ease, he smoked a cigarette, which gave him more pain than pleasure; indeed, he hated the smell of tobacco."

#### Librarian's Costly Error.

Forty years after the Bodleian library at Oxford had received a copy of the first folio Shakespeare—that is to say, in 1664—the librarian of that institution, clearing out some "superfluous books," dumped the first folio in the lot and accepted \$120 for the parcel. Now the Bodleian has a chance of buying it back again—for \$15,000.

#### Tiara of Odd Design.

The tiara of a San Francisco woman represents the inmates of a Noah's ark. Round the edges are set jeweled horses, cows, lions, bears, serpents and birds. At the back is an artificial oyster, carved out of mother of pearl, representing, according to the owner's opinion, the crown of the animal creation.

#### Whiten the Teeth.

One of the most effective methods of whitening the teeth is to take an orange wood stick and dip it into fine wood cubes, rub the teeth both on the inner and outer surfaces, when tartar and all stains will disappear as if by magic. This treatment should not be repeated more than once a month.

#### Aniline Dye Inventor.

The fiftieth anniversary of the invention of the aniline dye is to be celebrated by the world of science by the placing of a portrait of the inventor, Dr. Perkin, in the National Portrait Gallery, and a bust in the rooms of the Chemical Society at Burlington House, London.

#### Saves Flask of Whisky.

George M. Hargen, a mining engineer, fell off a car platform of an express train going at a thirty-mile gait near Reno, Nev., the other night, and was not hurt. Even a quart flask he carried in his pocket, with a little whisky still left in it, was not broken.

#### Jewel Maladies.

All jewels except diamonds are liable to maladies. Rubies, sapphires and pearls have their separate ailments, but diamonds are immune on account of their great hardness. Precious stones are all affected by surrounding conditions.

#### One Peculiarity.

One peculiarity about the feminine sex seems to be the impossibility of discerning it with moderation; critics are either violently antagonistic or falsely complimentary.—Lady Violet Greville in the London Graphic.

#### Trade in Human Hair.

The human hair forms a profitable crop. Five tons are annually imported by the merchants of London. The Parisian harvest is upward of 200,000 pounds, equal in value to \$400,000 a year.

#### It Doesn't Offend Her a Bit.

You can always make a girl think your habits have been lied about by telling her that even without her beauty her bright mind would make her popular.—New York Press.

#### Life Always Worth While.

Don't nurse the idea that life isn't worth while. Life is all right; you have allowed the idealist merely to boom it a little too strong for you.—John A. Howland.

#### When a Slow Traveler.

"The moon is the sluggish of the solar system, it takes 2,375 miles per hour in its journeying round the earth comparing briefly with the earth's 66,579 miles per hour.

#### Already Perfect.

Let no man venture to lay hand on Shakespeare's plays thinking to improve anything essential. He will be sure to punish himself.—A. W. Schlegel.

#### Logical Deduction.

Wife.—That boy takes after you more every day. Husband.—Umph! What's he been doing wrong now?—Melbourne Weekly Times.

#### Artificial Eyes.

At early as 500 B. C. artificial eyes were made by the priests of Rome and Egypt, who practiced as physicians and surgeons.

#### Last Naval Fight of Civil War.

The last naval engagement of the civil war was the capture of Fort Anderson, N. C.

#### BEST TONIC FOR THE NERVOUS.

**Diet of Raw Eggs and Milk Will Work Wonders.**

"New York society women are at last beginning to learn the value of raw eggs as a nerve tonic," said a trained nurse the other day. "For the last few years I've been trying to get nervous patients to give this simple remedy a trial, but I really think its simplicity was against it. These fashionable women want something expensive, with a wonderful name, and prescribed by some noted specialist who charges a fabulous sum for each visit. When anything is simple, easy and cheap it doesn't stand any chance with them at all.

"A celebrated nerve specialist told me only the other day that one could hardly overestimate the benefit derived from the almost wholesale diet of raw eggs in case of serious nervous exhaustion. Not a raw egg now and then—not a bit of it—but raw eggs two at a time and at least four times a day! Ten eggs a day are often taken by a patient with most excellent results. This same specialist told me that he had seen the most ragged set of nerves he ever dealt with quieted in a week with this treatment combined with as much milk as the patient could take. An immense amount of pure and highly concentrated nourishment may be taken into the system in this way."

#### MINISTER NOT TO BE BLUFFED.

**Personal Comfort Disregarded in Goodly Zeal.**

The Rev. N. Boyton was raising the debt from the little church at Georgetown, Me., one summer, ten or twelve years ago. He asked each member to give \$1. Most of the brothers and sisters were willing to give the amount, but one old farmer was loath to part with his mite. Meeting him one morning on the wharf, the minister asked him again for the dollar.

"Jump into the water and you get it," was the reply.

Without a word, and much to the surprise of the farmer, the reverend gentleman plunged into the water, and when he scrambled up on to the wharf the dollar was handed to him, amid the laughter of the lookers-on.

#### WOMEN AND FAULT-FINDING.

**Woman's greatest fault is her inability to be just.**

The fault-finding woman retards her own soul's progress.

Learn to respect the rights and desires of others and be tolerant of their faults.

Fairness of mind is not a feminine virtue, but I firmly believe that it can be cultivated.

No woman in this world is so independent that she can afford to have enemies where she might have friends.

#### Moonlight on Lake Erie.

**The Passengers on D. & B. Line Witness a Glorious Sight.**

The moonlight scene on Lake Erie is sublime. At twilight as the sun, like a golden ball of fire, gradually descends from view in the western horizon, the moon rises in its stateliness, at first modestly spreading its mellow light and, growing bolder, bursts forth in one pure sheen of grandeur.

Detailed descriptions of the steamers Eastern States and Western States would be tedious. Possibly it may be abbreviated by saying that these new boats are not only the largest and latest but the best on any fresh water in the world. The finest hotel is not better in respect to furnishing. The rooms, sleeping comforts, ventilation and cuisine are altogether admirable on these truly palatial steamers.

Send two cent stamp for illustrated booklet. Address

D. & B. STEAMBOAT CO., Dept B Detroit, Mich.

#### GRAYLING, MICH.

In the best town in Northern Michigan. It has telephone, electric lights, cement pavements, shaded streets, fine private homes; county seat of Crawford county with modern court house, jail, sheriff's residence, splendid high school, opera house, churches, about 20 civic societies, the best band in Northern Michigan, hand stand, Court house park, regular weekly summer concert, over 50 business places, including 4 groceries, 4 dry goods stores, 3 meat markets, 2 hardware stores, 2 drug stores, furniture store, shoe store, newspaper, one of the largest sawmill and lumber plants in the state, mammoth hardwood flooring plant, big bowl factory, numerous smaller manufacturing plants, 2 blacksmith shops, cigar factory, three parlors, hotels, restaurants, motion picture show, law office, and one Indian chief (a corker, too). It is a freight division on the Michigan Central R. R., big round house, freight yards, etc. Railroad connections east, west, north and south. Telegraph and express facilities the best. Long distance phone, mail ten times daily. Good people—about 1,000 of em. We want more, too; opportunities and work here for more. Located on both banks of Lake Erie, picturesque, and best trout stream in Michigan. School Section Lake 1 mile; Portage Lake—3 miles—beautiful body of water, plenty of game, pheasant, quail, ducks, etc. Pure drinking water—healthiest climate—no hot sun. In fact, a good place to come to. Try it.

#### Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Land Office at Marquette, Mich., May 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Grayling, Mich., on July 7, 1906, viz:

Emmanuel entry No. 10,193 of William C. Feldhauser for the NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 and S 1/2 of SE 1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 27 N. R. 2 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward Feldhauser, of Maple Forest, Mich.; Dave Knecht, of Maple Forest, Mich.; Ruben S. Babbitt, of Grayling, Mich.; Henry Feldhauser, of Grayling, Mich.

THOMAS SCADDEN, Register.

may31-6w

#### Primary Election.

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Lansing.

To the Sheriff of Crawford County, Grayling, Michigan.

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of law, you are hereby notified that at the primary election to be held in this State on June 12, 1906, the nomination of candidates in each of the political parties for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be made there shall also be elected by each political party, delegates to the county convention thereafter to be held by said political party.

You are also notified that on the date above mentioned, the question of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor by direct vote, shall be submitted to the enrolled voters of each political party; also the question of nominating, by direct vote, candidates of the political party indicated and for the office hereafter named.

Political Party, Office.

Republican, Representative in Congress.

Republican, Representative in the State Legislature.

In Witness whereof, I have hereto affixed my signature and the Great Seal of the State of Michigan, at Lansing, this 25th day of May in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred six.

CHARLES S. PIERCE, Deputy Secretary of State.

#### Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford,

In Chancery.

MINNIE M. SHAVER, Complainant,

vs. WILLIAM A. SHAVER, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery, at the Village of Grayling in said County, on the sixteenth day of May A. D. 1906.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant William A. Shaver is a resident of the State of Michigan, but is concealed therein. On motion of O. Palmer, complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant William A. Shaver cause his appearance to be entered herein, within three months from date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said concealed defendant.

And it is further Ordered, That within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

NELSON SHARPE, Circuit Judge.

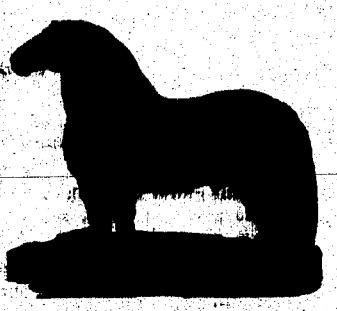
O. PALMER, Solicitor for Complainant.

may24-6w

**60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE**  
**PATENTS**  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
COPYRIGHTS &c.  
A person sending a sketch and description may receive free of charge a full and complete opinion as to patentability. The inventor is not bound to accept of any advice. The inventor is not bound to accept of any advice. The inventor is not bound to accept of any advice.  
**Scientific American.**  
A weekly journal of science, technology, and invention. Published by Munn & Co., 311 Broadway, New York.  
Branch Office, 207 N. 3rd St., Washington, D. C.

#### CRAWFORD COUNTY.

In one of the best counties in the state for fruit raising, stock raising and general agriculture. About half heavy hardwood land; balance gravelly loam to light sand; all productive. Sparingly settled, but filling up fast. Well watered, no drouths. Lakes, springs and streams of pure water. Healthy and pleasant climate. Cheap lands now—\$1.50 to \$3.00 per acre. Good markets. Schools, churches, roads. Farmers now here up-to-date, wide-awake and prosperous. Need more of em. Have big Clearing and Grange organizations. Good railroad. Plenty of work at good wages winter and summer. Raise all kinds of fruit, vegetables, grains, stock. No malaria. Investigate. Write any of our business men.



#### "INTENDANT"

—THE—

**Black Percheron Stallion.**

His Record number is 34620

(58,913)

—OWNED BY—

**Grayling Black Percheron Breeding Ass'n.**

GRAYLING, - - MICH.

Foaled April 15 1901; bred by M. Provost, Commune of Ceton, Department of Oren, got by "Regulator 25-027" (42,441) he by "Julia" (37,587) he by "Villiers 13,169" (8081) he by "Briard 5,317" (1,630) he by "Brilliant 1,271" (755) he by "Brilliant 1899" (756) he by "Coco 11" (714) he by "Nieuwchassin" (713) he by "Coco" (712) he by "Mignon" (715) he by "Jeanne-Blanc" (739).

Dam "Rosette" (48,206) by "Paradox" (40,254) he by "Isolin 16907" (27,498) he by "Brilliant 111, 11,116" (2919) he by "Fenelon 2682" (38) he by "Brilliant 1271" (755) he by "Brilliant 1899" (756) he by "Coco 11" (714) he by "Nieuwchassin" (713) he by "Coco" (712) he by "Mignon" (715) he by "Jeanne-Blanc" (739).

Second Dam "Savignac" (36,034) by "Rochefort 11,228" (14,837) he by "Sansonnet 3,465" (51) he by "Vermonth 1820" (787) he by "Vidoca 483" (742) he by "Coco 11" (714) he by "Nieuwchassin" (713) he by "Coco" (712) he by "Mignon" (715) he by "Jeanne-Blanc" (739).

Third Dam "Pelotte" (8,527) by "Iago 995" (768) he by "Utopia 780" (731) he by "Superior 454" (730) he by "Favori" (711) he by "Vieux Chassin" (713) he by "Coco" (712) he by "Mignon" (715) he by "Jeanne-Blanc" (739).

Fourth Dam "Cocotte" (739) belonging to M. Provost.

INTENDANT is a dapple Black, has good disposition, fine action, is five years old and weighs over 1700 pounds. Will stand in Crawford and Saginaw common Counties during season of 1906.

For terms, location and dates see cards.

L. E. BARNABY, Groom.

HUGO SCHRIEBER, Sec.

April-19- Pere Chenev, Mich.

#### Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford,

In Chancery.

CLARA OCAMB, Complainant,

vs. CHARLES H. OCAMB, Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery, at the Village of Grayling in said County, on the Seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1906.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant Charles H. Ocamb is a resident of the State of Michigan, but is concealed therein. On motion of O. Palmer, complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant Charles H. Ocamb cause his appearance to be entered herein, within three months from date of this order and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said concealed defendant.

And it is further Ordered, That within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that such publication be continued therein at least once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that she cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

NELSON SHARPE, Circuit Judge.

O. PALMER, Solicitor for Complainant.

apr26-6w

#### Ladies of Grayling

get your kitchen supplied with fresh vegetables from the Grayling Market Garden.

For sale now: Lettuce, Radishes, Green Onions, Cabbage and Tomato plants &c.

John H. Cook.

#### A. C. HENDRICKSON

**The Tailor.**

Originator and Introducer of Fine Garments for Men.

If you want a good

suit for Spring and

Summer, just drop

in and see me.

Satisfaction

guaranteed.

Shop over Baggess' old Market.

Grayling, Mich.

#### City Barber Shop.

A new shop, fitted up with every convenience.

CARL W. KREIPKE, Prop.